

TSPL/TSPL2 Programming Language

**TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR BAR CODE
PRINTER SERIES**

**PROGRAMMING
MANUAL**

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Document Conventions

This manual uses the following typographic conventions.

Convention	Description
[expression list]	Items inside square brackets are optional, expression maximum length 2*1024 bytes;
<ESC>	ESCAPE (ASCII 27), control code of status polling command, which returns the printer status immediately, no matter the printer is ready or not.
~	(ASCII 126), control code of status polling command, which returns the printer status only when the printer is ready.
Space	(ASCII 32) characters will be ignored in the command line.
“	(ASCII 34), beginning and ending of expression
CR,LF	(ASCII 13),(ASCII 10) is placed at the end of command line.
NULL	(ASCII 0) is not supported in the expression, except the 2D bar code commands.
Note: <i>200 DPI: 1 mm = 8 dots</i>	Arial font in bold and italic type is used for note.

Setup and System Commands

● SIZE

Description

This command defines the label width and length.

Syntax

- (1) English system (inch)
SIZE m, n
- (2) Metric system (mm)
SIZE m mm, n mm

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
m	Label width (inch or mm)
n	Label length (inch or mm)

Note:

200 DPI: 1 mm = 8 dots

300 DPI: 1mm = 12 dots

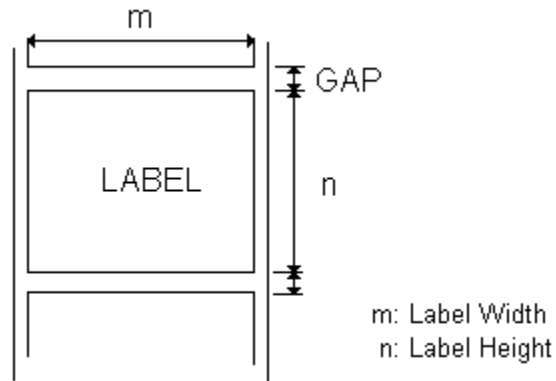
For metric system, there must be a space between parameter and “mm”.

Max. width	72mm	104mm	106mm	108mm
TTP-243		X		
TTP-243E		X		
TTP-243 Plus		X		
TTP-243E Plus		X		
TTP-244ME		X		
TTP-244ME Plus		X		
TTP-244				X
TTP-245				X
TDP-245				X
TTP-245G				X
TDP-245G				X
TTP-246M				X
TTP-246G				X
TTP-248M		X		
TTP-342			X	
TTP-342 Plus			X	
TTP-342M			X	
TTP-342M Plus			X	
TTP-343			X	
TTP-344M			X	
TTP-346M			X	
TDP-643 Plus		X		
TDP-643R Plus		X		
TTP-2410M		X		

M23	X			
-----	----------	--	--	--

Example

- (1) English system (inch)
SIZE 3.5, 3.00
- (2) Metric system (mm)
SIZE 100 mm, 100 mm



See Also

GAP, BLINE

● GAP

Description

Define the gap distance between two labels

Syntax

- (1). English system (inch)
GAP m, n
- (2) Metric system (mm)
GAP m mm, n mm

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
m	The gap distance between two labels $0 \leq m \leq 1$ (inch), $0 \leq m \leq 25.4$ (mm)
n	The offset distance of the gap $n \leq \text{label length}$ (inch or mm)
0,0	Continuous label.

Note: For metric system, there must be a space between parameter and mm.

When the sensor type is changed from “Black Mark” to “GAP”, please send the “GAP” command to the printer first.

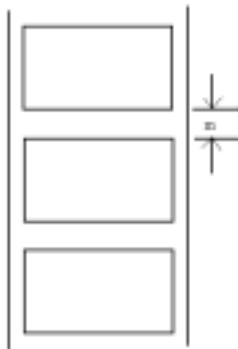
Ex: In DOS mode,

**C:\>copy con lpt1 <Enter>
GAP 2 mm,0 <Enter>
<Ctrl>+<Z> <Enter>**

Example

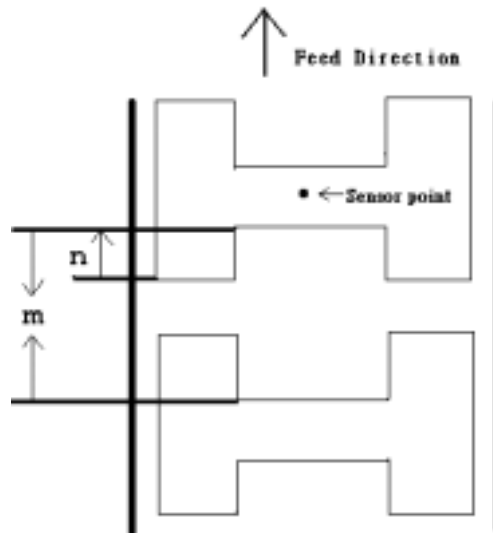
Normal gap

- (1). English system (inch)
GAP 0.12,0
- (2) Metric system (mm)
GAP 3 mm,0
- (3). Continuous label
GAP 0,0



Special gap

- (1). English system (inch)
GAP 0.30, 0.10
- (2). Metric system (mm)
GAP 7.62 mm, 2.54 mm

**See Also**

SIZE, BLINE

● BLINE

Description

This command is used to set the height of the black line and the user-defined extra label feeding length each form feed takes.

Syntax

- (1) English system (inch)
BLINE m, n
- (2) Metric system (mm)
BLINE m mm, n mm

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
m	The height of black line either in inch or mm. $0 \leq m \leq 1$ (inch), $0 \leq m \leq 25.4$ (mm)
n	The extra label feeding length. $0 \leq n \leq \text{label length}$
0,0	Continuous label.

Note: For metric system, there must be a space between parameter and mm.

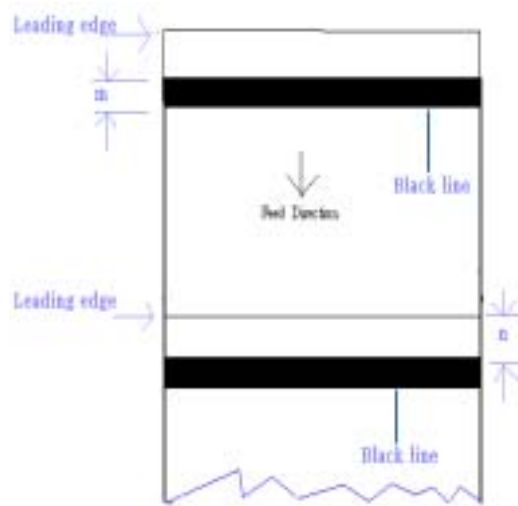
When the sensor type is changed from “GAP” to “Black Mark”, please send the “BLINE” command to the printer first.

Ex: In DOS mode,

**C:\>copy con lpt1 <Enter>
BLINE 2 mm,0 <Enter>
<Ctrl>+<Z> <Enter>**

Example

- (1) English system (inch)
BLINE 0.20,0.50
- (2) Metric system (mm)
BLINE 5.08 mm,12.7 mm



See Also
SIZE, GAP

● OFFSET

Description

This command defines the selective, extra label feeding length each form feed takes, which, especially in peel-off mode and cutter mode, is used to adjust label stop position, so as for label to register at proper places for the intended purposes. The printer backtracks the extra feeding length before the next run of printing.

Syntax

- (1) English system (inch)
OFFSET m
- (2) Metric system (mm)
OFFSET m mm

Parameter

m

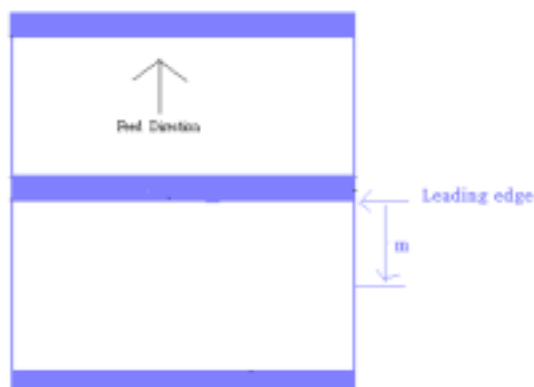
Description

The offset distance (inch or mm)
 $-1 \leq m \leq 1(\text{inch})$

CAUTION: Improprity offset value may cause paper jam.

Example

- (1) English system (inch)
OFFSET 0.5
- (2) Metric system (mm)
OFFSET 12.7 mm



See Also

SIZE, GAP, SET PEEL, SET CUTTER

● SPEED

Description

This command defines the print speed.

Syntax

SPEED n

Parameter

n

Description

printing speed in inch per second

Model \ ips	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	5	6	8	10
TTP-243		x	x		x						
TTP-243E		x	x		x						
TTP-243 Plus		x	x		x						
TTP-243E Plus		x	x		x						
TTP-244ME		x	x		x		x				
TTP-244ME Plus		x	x		x		x				
TTP-342	x	x	x								
TTP-342 Plus	x	x	x								
TTP-342M	x	x	x								
TTP-342M Plus	x	x	x								
TDP-643 Plus		x	x		x						
TDP-643R Plus		x	x		x						
TTP-2410M							x		x	x	x
TTP-346M							x	x	x		
TTP-248M							x	x	x	x	
TTP-246M			x		x		x	x	x		
TTP-246G			x		x		x	x	x		
TTP-344M			x		x		x				
TTP-245			x		x		x	x			
TDP-245			x		x		x	x			
TTP-245G			x		x		x	x			
TDP-245G			x		x		x	x			
TTP-343			x		x						
TTP-244			x		x		x				
M23		x	x	x	x	x					

Example

SPEED 10

See Also

DENSITY

● DENSITY

Description

This command designates the level of darkness of printing.

Syntax

DENSITY n

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	0~15 0, specifies the lightest level 15, specifies the darkest level

Example

DENSITY 7

See Also

DENSITY

● DIRECTION and Mirror Image

Description

This command defines the printout direction and mirror image. And this will be memorized in EEPROM.

Syntax

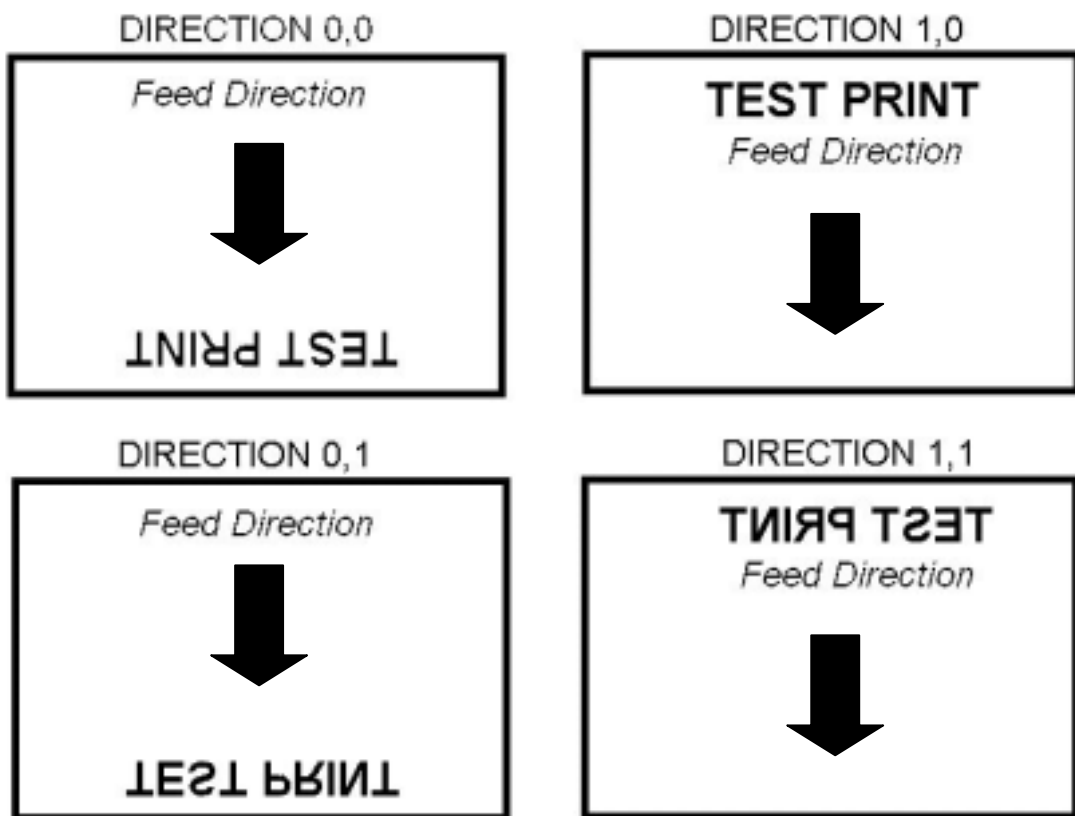
DIRECTION n[,m]

Parameter

n
m

Description

0 or 1. Please refer to the illustrations below:
0: Print normal image. 1: Print mirror image.



Note: The second parameter is only available for TSPL2 printers. It is not available for TSPL language printers. TSPL and TSPL2 language printers are listed as below.

TSPL language printers	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
TSPL2 language	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M,

printers	TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-----------------	--

Example

DIRECTION 0[,0]

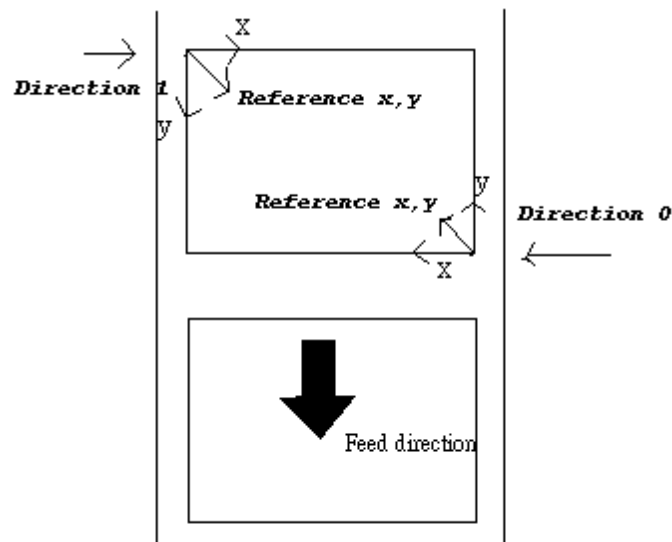
See Also

REFERENCE

● REFERENCE

Description

This command defines the reference point of the label. The reference (origin) point varies with the print direction, as shown:



Syntax

REFERENCE x, y

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
x	Horizontal coordinate, with “dot” as the unit.
y	Vertical coordinate, with “dot” as the unit.

Note: *200 DPI: 1 mm = 8 dots*
 300 DPI: 1 mm = 12 dots

Example

REFERENCE 10,10

See Also

DIRECTION

● COUNTRY

Description

This command defines what special character to have on the KP-200 portable LCD keyboard (option) to orient the keyboard for use in different countries.

Syntax

COUNTRY n

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	001: USA 002: Canadian-French 003: Spanish (Latin America) 031: Dutch 032: Belgian 033: French (France) 034: Spanish (Spain) 036: Hungarian 038: Yugoslavian 039: Italian 041: Switzerland 042: Slovak 044: United Kingdom 045: Danish 046: Swedish 047: Norwegian 048: Polish 049: German 055: Brazil 061: English (International) 351: Portuguese 358: Finnish

Example

COUNTRY 001

See Also

CODEPAGE, ~!!

● CODEPAGE

Description

This command defines the code page of international character set.

Syntax

CODEPAGE n

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	name or number of code page, which can be divided into 7-bit code page and 8-bit code page further. <u>7-bit code page name</u> USA: USA BRI: British GER: German FRE: French DAN: Danish ITA: Italian SPA: Spanish SWE: Swedish SWI: Swiss <u>8-bit code page number</u> 437: United States 850: Multilingual 852: Slavic 860: Portuguese 863: Canadian/French 865: Nordic 857: Turkish (TSPL2 printers only) <u>Windows code page</u> 1250: Central Europe (TSPL2 printers only) 1252: Latin I (TSPL2 printers only) 1253: Greek (TSPL2 printers only) 1254: Turkish (TSPL2 printers only)

Note: Whether to use 7-bit or 8-bit code page is determined by the communication parameter of DATA LENGTH

Example

CODEPAGE 437

See Also

COUNTRY, SET COM1, ~!!

● CLS

Description

This command clears the image buffer.

Syntax

CLS

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Note: This command must be placed after SIZE command.

Example

CLS

See Also

SIZE, GAP, BLINE

● FEED

Description

This command feeds label with the specified length.
The length is specified by dot.

Syntax

FEED n

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	unit: dot $1 \leq n \leq 9999$

Example

FEED 40

Note: *200 DPI: 1 mm = 8 dots*
 300 DPI: 1 mm = 12 dots

See Also

BACKFEED, SIZE, GAP, BLINE, HOME, FORMFEED

● BACKFEED & BACKUP

Description

To back feed label with the specified length. The length is specified by dot.

Syntax

BACKUP n (TSPL printers only)
BACKFEED n (TSPL2 printers only)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	unit: dot $1 \leq n \leq 9999$

TSPL language printers	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
TSPL2 language printers	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23

Example

BACKUP 40
BACKFEED 40

CAUTION: *Improprity back feed value may cause paper jam or wrinkle.*

Note: **200 DPI: 1 mm = 8 dots**
 300 DPI: 1 mm = 12 dots

See Also

FEED, SIZE, GAP, BLINE, HOME, FORMFEED

● FORMFEED

Description

This command feeds label to the beginning of next label.

Syntax

FORMFEED

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

```
SIZE 4,2.5
GAP 0 mm,0
SPEED 4
DENSITY 7
DIRECTION 0
OFFSET 0.00
REFERENCE 0,0
SET PEEL OFF
SET CUTTER OFF
SET COUNTER @0 +1
@0="000001"
FORMFEED
CLS
BOX 1,1,360,65,12
TEXT 25,25,"3",0,1,1,"FORMFEED COMMAND TEST"
TEXT 25,80,"3",0,1,1,@0
PRINT 3,1
```

See Also

FEED, SIZE, GAP, BLINE, HOME, BACKFEED

● HOME

Description

It is not expected the first label will be printed on the right position when the printer power is turned on. This command will feed label to the beginning of next label (TSPL2) or back label to the beginning of current label (TSPL). The size and gap of the label should be setup in advance.

Syntax

HOME

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

```
SIZE 4,2.5
GAP 2 mm,0
SPEED 4
DENSITY 7
DIRECTION 0
OFFSET 0.00
REFERENCE 0,0
SET PEEL OFF
SET CUTTER OFF
SET COUNTER @0 +1
@0="000001"
HOME
CLS
BOX 1,1,360,65,12
TEXT 25,25,"3",0,1,1,"HOME COMMAND TEST"
TEXT 25,80,"3",0,1,1,@0
PRINT 3,1
```

See Also

FEED, SIZE, GAP, BLINE, FORMFEED

● PRINT

Description

This command prints the label format stored in the image buffer.

Syntax

PRINT m [,n]

Parameter

m

Description

Specifies how many sets of labels will be printed.

$1 \leq m \leq 999999999$

If m=-1, printer will print the last label content for n copies.

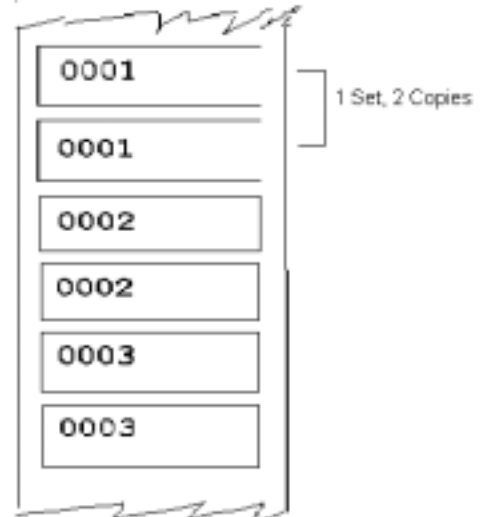
n

Specifies how many copies should be printed for each set of label.

$1 \leq n \leq 999999999$

Example

```
SIZE 60 mm, 20 mm
SET COUNTER @1 1
@1="0001"
CLS
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,@1
PRINT 3,2
PRINT -1,2
```



See Also

SET COUNTER, INPUT, DOWNLOAD

● SOUND

Description

This command is used to control the sound frequency of the beeper. There are 10 levels of sounds. The timing control the sound can be set by the "interval" parameter.

Syntax

SOUND level,interval

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
level	Sound level: 0~9
interval	Sound interval: 1~4095

Example

```
SOUND 5,200
SOUND 3,200
SOUND 3,200
SOUND 4,200
SOUND 2,200
SOUND 2,200
SOUND 1,200
SOUND 2,200
SOUND 3,200
SOUND 4,200
SOUND 5,200
```

● CUT

Description

At this command, the printer will activate the cutter to cut the labels immediately without back feeding the label.

Syntax

CUT

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

```
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0 mm,0
CLS
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
OFFSET 0.00 mm
SET CUTTER OFF
SET TEAR OFF
BOX 0,0,866,866,5
TEXT 100,100,"5",0,1,1,"FEED & CUT"
TEXT 100,200,"5",0,1,1,"300 DPI"
PRINT 1,1
FEED 260
CUT
```

See Also

SET CUTTER, SET BACK, SET PARTIAL_CUTTER

● LIMITFEED

Description

When feeding labels, if the gap sensor is not set to a suitable sensitivity, the printer will not be able to locate the correct position of the gap. This command is used stop label feeding and make the red LED flash if the printer does not locate gap after feeding the length of one label plus one preset value.

Syntax

LIMITFEED n (inch, the English system)

LIMITFEED n mm (mm, the metric system)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	inch or mm

Remark

The setting will remain resident in memory.

The default value is 10 inches when printer initializes.

For metric system, there must be a space between parameter n and mm.

● SELFTEST

Description

At this command, the printer will print out the printer information on the label.

Note: The command is only available for TSPL2 language printers. It can't be applied to TSPL language printers.

TSPL language printers	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
TSPL2 language printers	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23

Syntax

SELFTEST

Example

SELFTEST

Label Formatting Commands

● BAR

Description

This command is used to draw a line or a bar on the label format.

Syntax

BAR x, y, width, height

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
x	The upper left corner x-coordinate in dot
y	The upper left corner y-coordinate in dot
width	The width of bar in dot
height	The height of bar in dot

Note: 200 DPI: 1 mm = 8 dots

300 DPI: 1 mm = 12 dots

Recommended max. bar height is 12mm at 4" width. Bar height over than 12 mm may damage the power supply and affect the print quality.

Max. print ratio is different for each printer model. Desktop and industrial printer print ratio is limited to 20% and 30% respectively.

Example

```
SIZE 4,2.5  
GAP 0,0  
SPEED 6  
DENSITY 8  
DIRECTION 0  
CLS  
BAR 100, 100, 300, 200  
PRINT 1,1
```



See Also

BOX

● BARCODE

Description

This command is used to print 1D barcodes on label form.

The available bar codes are listed below:

- Code 128 (switching code subset automatically)
- Code 128M (switching code subset manually)
- EAN 128 (switching code subset automatically)
- Interleaved 2 of 5
- Interleaved 2 of 5 with check digit
- Code 39
- Code 39 with check digit
- Code 93
- EAN 13
- EAN 13 with 2 digits add-on
- EAN 13 with 5 digits add-on
- EAN 8
- EAN 8 with 2 digits add-on
- EAN 8 with 5 digits add-on
- Codabar
- Postnet
- UPC-A
- UPC-A with 2 digits add-on
- UPC-A with 5 digits add-on
- UPC-E
- UPC-E with 2 digits add-on
- UPC-E with 5 digits add-on
- MSI
- PLESSEY
- China POST
- ITF14
- EAN14

Note: The MSI, PLESSEY, ITF14, EAN14 bar codes are available for TSPL2 language printers only. Those bar codes can't be applied to TSPL language printers.

TSPL language printers	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
TSPL2 language printers	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23

Syntax

BARCODE X, Y, "code type", height, human readable, rotation, narrow, wide, "code"

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	Specify the x-coordinate of the bar code on label
Y	Specify the y-coordinate of the bar code on label
code type	
128	Code 128, switching code subset A, B, C automatically
128M	Code 128, switching code subset A, B, C manually.

Control code	A	B	C
096	FNC3	FNC3	NONE
097	FNC2	FNC2	NONE
098	SHIFT	SHIFT	NONE
099	CODE C	CODE C	NONE
100	CODE B	FNC4	CODE B
101	FNC4	CODE A	CODE A
102	FNC1	FNC1	FNC1
103	Start (CODE A)		
104	Start (CODE B)		
105	Start (CODE C)		

Use "!" as a starting character for the control code followed by three control codes.

If the start subset is not set, the default starting subset is B.

EAN128	Code 128, switching code subset A, B, C automatically
25	Interleaved 2 of 5
25C	Interleaved 2 of 5 with check digits
39	Code 39
39C	Code 39 with check digits
93	Code 93
EAN13	EAN 13
EAN13+2	EAN 13 with 2 digits add-on
EAN13+5	EAN 13 with 5 digits add-on
EAN8	EAN 8
EAN8+2	EAN 8 with 2 digits add-on
EAN8+5	EAN 8 with 5 digits add-on
CODA	Codabar
POST	Postnet
UPCA	UPC-A
UPCA+2	UPC-A with 2 digits add-on
UPCA+5	UPC-A with 5 digits add-on
UPCE	UPC-E

UPCE+2	UPC-E with 2 digits add-on
UPCE+5	UPC-E with 5 digits add-on
CPOST	China post code
MSI	MSI code
MSIC	
PLESSEY	PLESSEY code
ITF14	ITF 14 code
EAN14	EAN 14 code

height	bar code height expressed by dot
human readable	0: human not readable 1: human readable
rotation	Rotate bar code clockwise in degrees
0	non rotation
90	rotate 90 degrees clockwise
180	rotate 180 degrees clockwise
270	rotate 270 degrees clockwise
narrow	width of narrow element in dot
wide	width of wide element in dot

	narrow : wide 1:1	narrow : wide 1:2	narrow : wide 1:3	narrow : wide 2:5	narrow : wide 3:7
128	10x	-	-	-	-
EAN128	10x	-	-	-	-
25	-	10x	10x	5x	-
25C	-	10x	10x	5x	-
39	-	10x	10x	5x	-
39C	-	10x	10x	5x	-
93	-	-	10x	-	-
EAN13	8x	-	-	-	-
EAN13+2	8x	-	-	-	-
EAN13+5	8x	-	-	-	-
EAN 8	8x	-	-	-	-
EAN 8+2	8x	-	-	-	-
EAN 8+5	8x	-	-	-	-
CODA	-	10x	10x	5x	-
POST	1x	-	-	-	-
UPCA	8x	-	-	-	-
UPCA+2	8x	-	-	-	-
UPCA+5	8x	-	-	-	-
UPCE	8x	-	-	-	-
UPCE+2	8x	-	-	-	-
UPCE+5	8x	-	-	-	-
CPOST	-	-	-	-	1x
MSI	-	-	10x	-	-
MSIC			10x		-
PLESSY	-	-	10x	-	-

ITF14	-	10x	10x	5x	-
EAN14	-	-	-	-	-

code number

the maximum number of digits of bar code content

Barcode type	Maximum bar code length
128	-
EAN128	-
25	-
25C	-
39	-
39C	-
93	-
EAN13	12
EAN13+2	14
EAN13+5	17
EAN 8	7
EAN 8+2	9
EAN 8+5	12
CODA	-
POST	5,9,11
UPCA	11
UPCA+2	13
UPCA+5	16
UPCE	6
UPCE+2	8
UPCE+5	11
CPOST	-
MSI	-
MSIC	
PLESSY	-
ITF14	13
EAN14	13

Example

BARCODE 100,100,"39",96,1,0,2,4,"1000"

BARCODE 10,10,"128M",48,1,0,2,2,"!104!096ABCD!101EFGH"

(The above example of code 128M encoded with CODE B start character. The next character will be the code 128 function character FNC3 which is then followed by the ABCD characters and EFGH characters encoded as CODE A subset.)

● BITMAP

Description

This command is used to draw bitmap images (Not BMP graphic file).

Syntax

BITMAP X, Y, width, height, mode, bitmap data...

Parameter

X

Y

width

height

mode

0

1

2

bitmap data

Description

Specify the x-coordinate of the bitmap image

Specify the y-coordinate of the bitmap image

The width of the image in bytes

The height of the image in dot

Graphic mode is listed below:

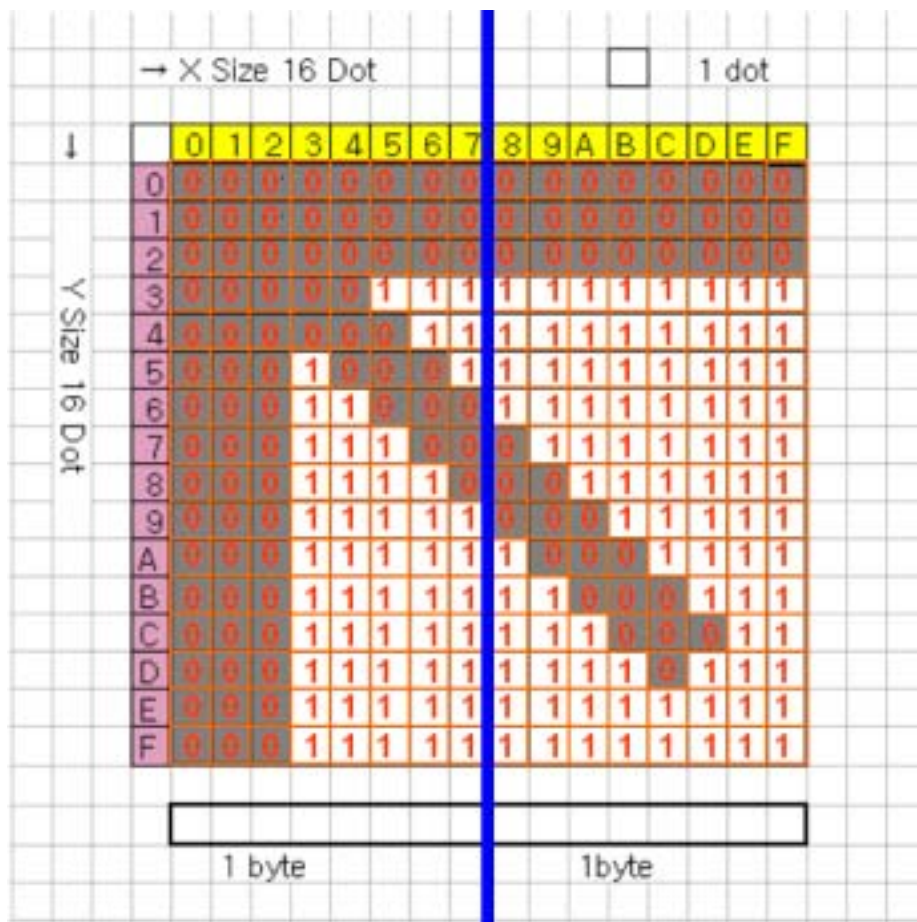
OVERWRITE

OR

XOR

The bitmap data

Example



ROW (Y- axis)	L-Byte		R-Byte	
	Binary	Hexadecimal	Binary	Hexadecimal
0	00000000	00	00000000	00
1	00000000	00	00000000	00
2	00000000	00	00000000	00
3	00000111	07	11111111	FF
4	00000011	03	11111111	FF
5	00010001	11	11111111	FF
6	00011000	18	11111111	FF
7	00011100	1C	01111111	7F
8	00011110	1E	00111111	3F
9	00011111	1F	00011111	1F
A	00011111	1F	10001111	8F
B	00011111	1F	11000111	C7
C	00011111	1F	11100011	E3
D	00011111	1F	11110111	F7
E	00011111	1F	11111111	FF
F	00011111	1F	11111111	FF

Ex:

SIZE 4,2

GAP 0,0

CLS

BITMAP 200,200,2,16,0, ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ -?????

PRINT 1,1

Hexadecimal	ASCII
53 49 5A 45 20 34 2C 32 0D 0A 47 41	SIZE 4,2
50 20 30 2C 30 0D 0A 43 4C 53 0D 0A	GAP 0,0
42 49 54 4D 41 50 20 32 30 30 2C 32	CLS
30 30 2C 32 2C 31 36 2C 30 2C 00 00	BITMAP 200,200,2,16,0,
00 00 00 00 07 FF 03 FF 11 FF 18 FF	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> -?????
1C 7F 1E 3F 1F 1F 1F 8F 1F C7 1F E3	PRINT 1,1
1F E7 1F FF 1F FF 0D 0A 50 52 49 4E	
54 20 31 2C 31 0D 0A	

See Also

PUTBMP, PUTPCX

● BOX

Description

This command is used to draw rectangles on the label.

Syntax

BOX X_start, Y_start, X_end, Y_end, line thickness

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
X_start	Specify x-coordinate of upper left corner in dot
Y_start	Specify y-coordinate of upper left corner in dot
X_end	Specify x-coordinate of lower right corner in dot
Y_end	Specify y-coordinate of lower right corner in dot
line thickness	Line thickness of the box in dot

Note: 200 DPI: 1 mm = 8 dots

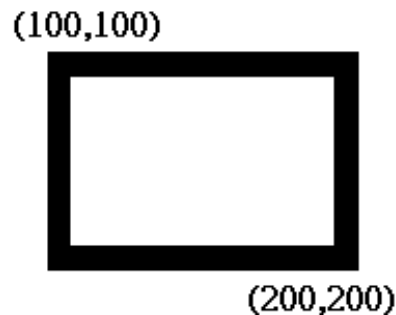
300 DPI: 1 mm = 12 dots

**Recommended max. thickness of box is 12mm at 4" width.
Thickness of box that is larger than 12 mm may damage the power supply and affect the print quality.**

Max. print ratio is different for each printer model. Desktop and industrial printer print ratio is limited to 20% and 30% respectively.

Example

```
SIZE 4,2.5  
GAP 0,0  
SPEED 6  
DENSITY 8  
DIRECTION 0  
CLS  
BOX 100,100,200,200,5  
PRINT 1,1
```



See Also

BAR

● DMATRIX

Description

This command is used to define the DataMatrix 2D bar code. Currently, it supports ECC200 error correction only.

Syntax

DMATRIX x, y, width, height, [xm,row,col], expression

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
x	Horizontal start position in dot
y	Vertical start position in dot
width	The expected width of barcode area in dot
height	The expected height of barcode area in dot
xm	Module size in dot
row	Symbol size of row ,10 to 144
col	Symbol size of col,10 to 144

Example

```
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0,0
SPEED 4
DENSITY 8
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
OFFSET 0.00
SET CUTTER OFF
SET TEAR ON
CLS
DMATRIX 10,110,400,400,"DMATRIX EXAMPLE 1"
DMATRIX 310,110,400,400,x6,"DMATRIX EXAMPLE 2"
DMATRIX 10,310,400,400,x8,18,18,"DMATRIX EXAMPLE 3"
PRINT 1,1
```

● ERASE

Description

This command is used to clear a specified region in image buffer.

Syntax

ERASE X_start, Y_start, X_width, Y_height

Parameter

X_start

Y_start

X_width

Y_height

Description

The x-coordinate of the starting point in dot

The y-coordinate of the starting point in dot

The region width in x-axis direction in dot

The region height in y-axis direction in dot

Example

SIZE 4,2.5

GAP 0,0

SPEED 6

DENSITY 8

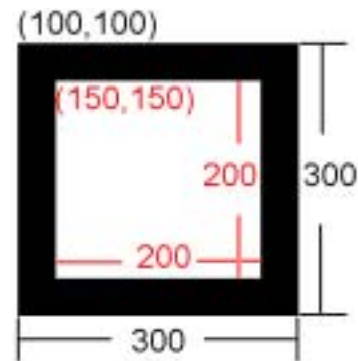
DIRECTION 0

CLS

BAR 100, 100, 300, 300

ERASE 150,150,200,200

PRINT 1,1



See Also

CLS

● MAXICODE

Description

This command is used to define a 2D Maxicode.

Syntax

MAXICODE x, y, mode, [class, country, post, Lm,] "message"

For mode 2 or 3:

MAXICODE x, y, mode, class, country, postal code, "low priority message"

If country is 840, the postal code is in 99999,9999 format.

For other countries, the code is up to 6 alphanumeric characters.

For mode 4,5,6

MAXICODE x, y, mode, [Lm], "message"

* AIM special format is supported, see page 23 in the spec.

Note: Mode 6 is not supported in TSPL2 printers firmware.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
x	X-coordinate of the starting point in dot
y	Y-coordinate of the starting point in dot
mode	2,3,4,5
class	Class of service, 3-digit number (for mode 2,3)
country	Country code, 3-digit number (for mode 2,3)
post	Post code (for mode 2,3) Mode 2: (USA) 5-digit+ 4-digit number Mode3: (Canada) 6 alphanumeric post code included by double quotes.
Lm	Expression length (double quote is ignored) , $1 \leq m \leq 138$, (this parameter is just for mode 4 and 5.)
message	Barcode content

Example

```
SIZE 4,2
GAP 0,0
CLS
SPEED 4
DENSITY 8
OFFSET 0.00
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET TEAR ON
```

```
REM *****Mode 2 For USA*****
```

```
MAXICODE 110,100,2,300,840,06810,7317,"DEMO 2 FOR USA"
```

```
MAXICODE"  
TEXT 100,520,"3",0,2,2,"Mode 2 For USA"  
PRINT 1,1
```

```
REM *****Mode 3 For Canada*****  
CLS  
MAXICODE 110,100,3,300,863,"107317","DEMO 3 FOR CANADA  
MAXICODE"  
TEXT 100,520,"3",0,2,2,"Mode 3 For CANADA"  
PRINT 1,1
```

```
REM *****MODE4*****  
CLS  
MAXICODE 110,100,4,"DEMO 4 FOR MAXICODE"  
MAXICODE 600,100,4,19,DEMO 4 FOR MAXICODE  
TEXT 100,520,"3",0,2,2,"Mode 4 FOR MAXICODE"  
PRINT 1,1
```

```
REM *****MODE 5*****  
CLS  
MAXICODE 110,100,5,"DEMO 5 FOR MAXICODE"  
MAXICODE 600,100,5,19,DEMO 5 FOR MAXICODE  
TEXT 100,520,"3",0,2,2,"DEMO 5 FOR MAXICODE"  
PRINT 1
```

● PDF417

Description

This command is used to define a PDF417 2D barcode.

Syntax

PDF417 x, y, width, height, rotate, [option], expression

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
x	X-coordinate of the starting point in dot
y	Y-coordinate of the starting point in dot
width	The expected width of barcode in dot
height	The expected height of barcode in dot
rotate	Rotation counterclockwise.
0:	0 degree
90:	90 degrees
180:	180 degrees
270:	270 degrees
expression	Barcode text or string expression to be printed on label.
[option]	
P	Data compression method 0: Auto encoding 1: Binary mode
E	Error correction level Range: 0~8
M	Center pattern in barcode area 0: The pattern will print upper left justified the area 1: The pattern is printed middle of area
Ux,y,c	Human readable x: Human readable characters in the specified x-coordinate y: Human readable characters in the specified y-coordinate c: Maximum characters of human readable character per line
W	Module width in dot Range: 2~9
H	Bar height in dot Range: 4~99
R	Maximum number of rows
C	Maximum number of columns
T	Truncation. 0: Not truncated 1: Truncated
Lm	Expression length (without double quote), $1 \leq m \leq 2048$

Example

SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.12,0
CLS
SPEED 6
DENSITY 8
DIRECTION 1
REFERENCE 0,0

REM *****WITHOUR OPTIONS*****
CLS
PDF417 50,50,400,200,0,"Without Options"
PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:E4*****
CLS
PDF417 50,50,400,200,0,E4,"Error correction level:4"
PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:E4 W4*****
CLS
PDF417 50,50,600,600,0,E4,W4,"Error correction level:4
module width 4 dots"
PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:E4 W4 H4*****
CLS
PDF417 50,50,600,600,0,E4,W4,H4,"Error correction level:4
module width 4 dots
bar height 4 dots"
PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:E4 W4 H4 R25*****
CLS
PDF417 50,50,600,600,0,E4,W4,H4,R25,"Error correction level:4
Module Width 4 dots
Bar Height 4 dots
Maximum Number of Rows: 25 Rows
"
PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:E4 W4 H4 R40 C3*****
CLS
PDF417 50,50,600,600,0,E4,W4,H4,R40,C3,"Error correction level:4
Module Width 4 dots
Bar Height 4 dots
Maximum Number of Rows: 40 Rows

Maximum number of columns: 3 Cols

"

PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:E4 W4 H4 R40 C4 T0*****

CLS

PDF417 50,50,600,600,0,E4,W4,H4,R40,C4,T0,"Error correction level:4

Module Width 4 dots

Bar Height 4 dots

Maximum Number of Rows: 40 Rows

Maximum number of columns: 4 Cols

Truncation:0

"

PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:E4 W4 H4 R40 C4 T1*****

CLS

PDF417 50,50,900,900,0,E4,W4,H4,R40,C4,T1,"Error correction level:4

Module Width 4 dots

Bar Height 4 dots

Maximum Number of Rows:5 Rows

Maximum number of columns:90 Cols

Truncation:1

"

PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:E4 W4 H4 R40 C4 T0 L169*****

CLS

PDF417 50,50,900,900,0,E4,W4,H4,R40,C4,T0,L169,Error correction
level:4

Module Width 4 dots

Bar Height 4 dots

Maximum Number of Rows: 40 Rows

Maximum number of columns: 4 Cols

Truncation:0

Expression length:167

PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:E4 W4 H4 R40 C4 T1 L169*****

CLS

PDF417 50,50,900,900,0,E4,W4,H4,R40,C4,T1,L169,Error correction
level:4

Module Width 4 dots

Bar Height 4 dots

Maximum Number of Rows: 40 Rows

Maximum number of columns: 4 Cols

Truncation:1

Expression length:169

PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:P0 E4 W4 H4 R40 C4 T1 L169*****
CLS
PDF417 50,50,900,900,0,P0,E4,W4,H4,R40,C4,T1,L169,Error correction
level:4
Module Width 4 dots
Bar Height 4 dots
Maximum Number of Rows: 40 Rows
Maximum number of columns: 4 Cols
Truncation:1
Expression length:169
PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:P0 E4 M0 W6 H6 R60 C4 T0 L283*****
SIZE 3,2
CLS
PDF417 50,50,900,600,0,P0,E4,M0,W6,H6,R60,C4,T0,L283,Data
compression method: P0
Error correction level: E4
Center pattern in barcode area: M0
Human Readable: No
Module Width 6 dots: W6
Bar Height 6 dots: H6
Maximum Number of Rows: 60 Rows: R60
Maximum number of columns: 4 Cols: C4
Truncation:0: T0
Expression length:283: L283
PRINT 1,1

REM *****OPTION:P1 E4 M1 U100,500,10 W4 H4 R60 C4 T1 L297*****
CLS
PDF417
50,50,900,600,0,P1,E4,M1,U100,500,10,W6,H6,R60,C4,T1,L297,Data
compression method: P1
Error correction level: E4
Center pattern in barcode area: M1
Human Readable: Yes: U100,300,10
Module Width 6 dots: W6
Bar Height 6 dots: H6
Maximum Number of Rows: 60 Rows: R60
Maximum number of columns: 4 Cols: C4
Truncation:1: T1
Expression length:297: L297
PRINT 1,1

● PUTBMP

Description

This command is used to print BMP format image.

Note:

(1). This command is only available for TSPL2 printers. It cannot be applied to TSPL printers.

(2). Support up to 256-color Windows bitmap format graphics.

TSPL language printers	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
TSPL2 language printers	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23

Syntax

PUTBMP X, Y, "filename"

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	The x-coordinate of the BMP format image
Y	The y-coordinate of the BMP format image
filename	The downloaded BMP filename.

Example

```
C:\BMP-PCX>DIR
Volume in drive C is WIN98
Volume Serial Number is 4140-4735

Directory of C:\BMP-PCX

01/03/2005  01:06 PM    <DIR>          .
01/03/2005  01:06 PM    <DIR>          ..
01/03/2005  01:52 PM             12,430 TSC.bmp
01/03/2005  01:10 PM             1,181 TSC.pcx
                2 File(s)             13,611 bytes
                2 Dir(s)   8,802,189,312 bytes free

C:\BMP-PCX>COPY CON LPT1
DOWNLOAD "TSC.BMP",12430,^Z
                1 file(s) copied.

C:\BMP-PCX>COPY TSC.BMP/B LPT1
                1 file(s) copied.

C:\BMP-PCX>COPY CON LPT1
SIZE 4,2.5
GAP 0,0
CLS
PUTBMP 100,100,"TSC.BMP"
PRINT 1,1
^Z
                1 file(s) copied.

C:\BMP-PCX>_
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, BITMAP, PUTPCX

● PUTPCX

Description

This command is used to print PCX format image.

TSPL language supports 2-color PCX format graphics.

TSPL2 language supports 256-color PCX format graphics.

TSPL language printers	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
TSPL2 language printers	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23

Syntax

PUTPCX X, Y, "filename"

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	The x-coordinate of the PCX image
Y	The y-coordinate of the PCX image
filename	The downloaded PCX filename. Case sensitive

Example

```
C:\BMP-PCX>DIR
Volume in drive C is WIN98
Volume Serial Number is 4140-4735

Directory of C:\BMP-PCX

01/03/2005  01:06 PM    <DIR>          .
01/03/2005  01:06 PM    <DIR>          ..
01/03/2005  01:52 PM                12,430 TSC.bmp
01/03/2005  01:10 PM                1,181 TSC.pcx
                2 File(s)                13,611 bytes
                2 Dir(s)      8,802,189,312 bytes free

C:\BMP-PCX>COPY CON LPT1
DOWNLOAD "TSC.PCX",1181,^Z
                1 file(s) copied.

C:\BMP-PCX>COPY TSC.PCX/B LPT1
                1 file(s) copied.

C:\BMP-PCX>COPY CON LPT1
SIZE 4,2.5
GAP 0,0
CLS
PUTPCX 100,100,"TSC.PCX"
PRINT 1,1
^Z
                1 file(s) copied.

C:\BMP-PCX>_
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, BITMAP, PUTPCX

● QR CODE

Description

This command is used to print QR code

Note: This command is only available for TSPL2 language printers. It can't be applied to TSPL language printers.

TSPL language printers	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
TSPL2 language printers	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23

Syntax

QRCODE X, Y, ECC Level, cell width, mode, rotation, [model, mask,]"Data string"

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	The upper left corner x-coordinate of the QR code
Y	The upper left corner y-coordinate of the QR code
ECC level	Error correction recovery level
L	7%
M	15%
Q	25%
H	30%
cell width	1~10
mode	Auto / manual encode
A	Auto
M	Manual
rotation	
0	0 degree
90	90 degree
180	180 degree
270	270 degree
model	
1	(default), original version
2	enhanced version
mask	0~8, default is 7
Data string	The encodable character set is described as below

Encodable character set:

1). Numeric data: (digits 0~9)

- 2). Alphanumeric data (digits 0-9; upper case letters A-Z; nine other characters: space, \$ % * + - . / :);
- 3). 8-bit byte data (JIS 8-bit character set (Latin and Kana) in accordance with JIS X 0201);
- 4). Kanji characters (Shift JIS values 8140_{HEX} –9FFC_{HEX} and E040_{HEX} –EAA4_{HEX}. These are values shifted from those of JIS X 0208. Refer to JIS X 0208 Annex 1 Shift Coded Representation for detail.).

Data characters per symbol (for maximum symbol size):

	<u>Model 1 (Version 14-L)</u>	<u>Model 2 (Version 40-L)</u>
1). Numeric data:	1,167 characters	7,089 characters
2). Alphanumeric data:	707 characters	4,296 characters
3). 8-bit byte data:	486 characters	2,953 characters
4). Kanji data:	299 characters	1,817 characters

*If "A" is the first character in the data string, then the following data after "A" are Alphanumeric data.

*If "N" is the first character in the data string, then the following data after "N" are numeric data.

*If "B" is the first character in the data string, then the following 4 digits after "B" is used to specify numbers of data. After the 4 digits are the number of bytes of binary data to be encoded.

*If "K" is the first character in the data string , then the following data after "K" is Kanji data.

*If "!" is in the data string and follows by "N", "A", "B", "K" then it will be switched to specified encodable character set.

Example

Manual mode example:

QRCODE 100,10,L,7,M,0,M1,S1,"ATHE FIRMWARE HAS BEEN UPDATED"

(Where A: Alphanumeric data)

QRCODE 100,10,M,7,M,0,M1,S2,"N123456"

(Where N: Numeric data)

QRCODE 100,10,Q,7,M,0,M1,S3,"N123456!ATHE FIRMWARE HAS BEEN UPDATED"

(Where N: Numeric data ; !:Transfer char ; A: Alphanumeric data)

QRCODE 100,10,H,7,M,0,M1,S3,"B0012Product name"

(where B: Binary data ; 0012: 12 bytes)

QRCODE 100,10,M,7,M,0,M1,S3,"K"

(Where K: Kanji data)

Auto mode example:

QRCODE 100,10,M,7,A,0,"THE FIRMWARE HAS BEEN UPDATED"

(1) Auto mode example

a. General data string

```
SIZE 4,2.5
GAP 0.12,0
CLS
QRCODE 10,10,H,4,A,0,"ABCabc123"
QRCODE 160,160,H,4,A,0,"123ABCabc"
QRCODE 310,310,H,4,A,0,"印表機 ABCabc123"
PRINT 1,1
```

b. Data string including <Enter> character (0Dh, 0Ah)

```
SIZE 4,2.5
GAP 0.12,0
CLS
QRCODE 10,10,H,4,A,0,"ABC<Enter>
abc<Enter>
123"
QRCODE 160,160,H,4,A,0,"123<Enter>
ABC<Enter>
abc"
QRCODE 310,310,H,4,A,0,"印表機<Enter>
ABC<Enter>
abc<Enter>
123"
PRINT 1,1
```

c. Data string concatenation (Must be used with DOWNLOAD ... EOP command)

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 4,2.5
CAP 0.12,0
CLS
QRCODE 10,10,H,4,A,0,"ABCabc123"+STR$(1234)
QRCODE 160,160,H,4,A,0,"123ABCabc"+"1234"
QRCODE 310,310,H,4,A,0,"印表機 ABCabc123"+"1234"+"abcd"
PRINT 1,1
EOP
DEMO
```

d. Data string including double quote (") character, please use \["] instead of

```
SIZE 4,2.5
CAP 0.12,0
CLS
QRCODE 10,10,H,4,A,0,"ABC\["]abc\["]123"
QRCODE 160,160,H,4,A,0,"123\["]ABC\["]abc"
QRCODE 310,310,H,4,A,0,"\["]印表機\["]ABCabc123"
PRINT 1,1
```

(3) Manual mode

a. General data string :

```

SIZE 4,2.5
CAP 0.12,0
CLS
QRCODE 10,10,H,4,M,0,"AABC!B0003abc!N123"
QRCODE 160,160,H,4,M,0,"N123!AABC!B0003abc"
QRCODE 310,310,H,4,M,0,"K 印表機!AABC!B0006abc123"
PRINT 1,1

```

- b. Data string including <Enter> character, <Enter> is an 8-bit byte data

```

SIZE 4,2.5
CAP 0.12,0
CLS
QRCODE 10,10,H,4,M,0,"AABC!B0007<Enter>
abc<Enter>
!N123"
QRCODE 160,160,H,4,M,0,"N123!B0002<Enter>
!AABC!B0005<Enter>
abc"
QRCODE 310,310,H,4,M,0,"K 印表機!B0002<Enter>
!AABC!B0010<Enter>
abc<Enter>
123"
PRINT 1,1

```

- c. Data string concatenation (Must be used with DOWNLOAD ... EOP command)

```

DOWNLOAD "A.BAS"
SIZE 4,2.5
CAP 0.12,0
CLS
QRCODE 10,10,H,4,M,0,"AABC!B0006abc123!N"+STR$(1234)
QRCODE 160,160,H,4,M,0,"N123!AABC!B0007abc"+"1234"
QRCODE 310,310,H,4,M,0,"K 印表
機!AABC!B0014abc123"+"1234"+"abcd"
PRINT 1,1
EOP
A

```

- d. Data string including double quote (") character, please use \" instead of

```

SIZE 4,2.5
CAP 0.12,0
CLS
QRCODE 10,10,H,4,M,0,"AABC!B0005\"abc\"!N123"
QRCODE 160,160,H,4,M,0,"N123!B0001\"!AABC!B0004\"abc"
QRCODE 310,310,H,4,M,0,"B0001\"!K 印表機!B0010\"ABCabc123"
PRINT 1,1

```

● REVERSE

Description

This command is used to reverse a region in image buffer.

Syntax

REVERSE X_start, Y_start, X_width, Y_height

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
X_start	The x-coordinate of the starting point in dot
Y_start	The y-coordinate of the starting point in dot
X_width	The region width in x-axis direction in dot
Y_height	The region height in y-axis direction in dot

Note: 200 DPI: 1 mm = 8 dots

300 DPI: 1 mm = 12 dots

Recommended max. height of reversed black area is 12mm at 4" width. Height of reversed area that is larger than 12 mm may damage the power supply and affect the print quality.

Max. print ratio is different for each printer model. Desktop and industrial printer print ratio is limited to 20% and 30% respectively.

Example

```
SIZE 4,2.5
GAP 0,0
SPEED 6
DENSITY 8
DIRECTION 0
CLS
TEXT 100,100,"3",0,1,1,"REVERSE"
REVERSE 90,90,128,40
PRINT 1,1
```

REVERSE

● TEXT

Description

This command is used to print text on label

Note:

- (1). The internal font (font #1~#5) pitch between TSPL and TSPL2 is different.
- (2). Font “0” and “ROMAN.TTF” internal True Type Fonts are available in TSPL2 language printers. It is not available in TSPL language printers.

TSPL language printers	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23

Syntax

TEXT X, Y, "font", rotation, x-multiplication, y-multiplication, "content"

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	The x-coordinate of the text
Y	The y-coordinate of the text
font	Font name
7	Monotype CG Triumvirate Bold Condensed, font width and height is stretchable
7	8 x 12 fixed pitch dot font
7	12 x 20 fixed pitch dot font
7	16 x 24 fixed pitch dot font
7	24 x 32 fixed pitch dot font
7	32 x 48 dot fixed pitch font
7	14 x 19 dot fixed pitch font OCR-B
7	21 x 27 dot fixed pitch font OCR-B
8	14 x25 dot fixed pitch font OCR-A
ROMAN.TTF	Monotype CG Triumvirate Bold Condensed, font width and height proportion is fixed
Rotation	The rotation angle of text
7	0 degree
7	90 degrees, in clockwise direction
7	180 degrees, in clockwise direction
270	270 degrees, in clockwise direction
X-multiplication:	Horizontal multiplication, up to 10x.

Available factors: 1~10
 For "ROMAN.TTF" true type font, this parameter is ignored.
 For font "0", this parameter is used to specify the height (point) of true type font.
 1 point=1/72 inch.

Y-multiplication: Vertical multiplication, up to 10x.
 Available factors: 1~10
 For true type font, this parameter is used to specify the height (point) of true type font.
 1 point=1/72 inch.

Note:

1. *If there is any double quote (") within the text, please change it to \".*
2. *Font "0" and "ROMAN.TTF" internal True Type Fonts are available in TSPL2 language printers.*
3. *If font "0" is used, the font width and font height is stretchable by x-multiplication and y-multiplication parameter. It is expressed by pt (point). 1 point=1/72inch.*

Example

```
SIZE 3,2
GAP 0,0
CLS
TEXT 100,100,"5",0,1,1,"\["]DEMO FOR TEXT\["]"
TEXT 100,200,"ROMAN.TTF",0,1,20,"\["]True Type Font Test Print\["]"
PRINT 1,1
```

Status Polling Commands (RS-232)

● <ESC>!?

Description

This command is used to obtain the printer status. An inquiry request is solicited by sending an <ESC> (ASCII 27, escape character) as the beginning control character to the printer. It can be sent any time, even in the event of printer error. One byte character is returned, of which one bit is used to flag the printer's current readiness status. If 0 is returned, the printer is ready to print labels.

<u>Bit</u>	<u>Status</u>
0	Head opened
1	Paper jam
2	Out of paper
3	Out of ribbon
4	Pause
5	Printing
6	Cover opened (option)
7	Environment Temperature over range (option)

Hex Receive	Printer Status
00	Normal
01	Head opened
02	Paper Jam
03	Paper Jam and head opened
04	Out of paper
05	Out of paper and head opened
08	Out of ribbon
09	Out of ribbon and head opened
0A	Out of ribbon and paper jam
0B	Out of ribbon, paper jam and head opened
0C	Out of ribbon and out of paper
0D	Out of ribbon, out of paper and head opened
10	Pause
20	Printing

Syntax

<ESC>!?

See Also

<ESC>!R

- **<ESC>!R**

Description

This command is used to reset the printer. It can be sent at any time as long as the printer is powered on and not in the dump mode. The beginning of the command is an ESCAPE character (ASCII 27). The files downloaded in memory will be deleted.

Syntax

<ESC>!R

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
-------------------------	---------------------------

N/A

N/A

See Also

<ESC>!?

● ~!@

Description

This command is used to inquire the mileage of the printer. The integer part of mileage is returned (the decimal part of mileage is not return). It is returned to PC in ASCII characters. The ending character of mileage is 0x0D.

Syntax

~!@

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

~!@

● ~!A

Description

This command is used to inquire about the free memory of the printer. The number of bytes of free memory is returned in decimal digits, with 0x0d as ending code of PC.

Syntax

~!A

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

~!A

See Also

FILES

● ~!C

Description

This command is used to inquire the presence of Real Time Clock. One byte is return from the printer, indicating whether or not the RTC is installed.

<u>Return value</u>	<u>Description</u>
7	RTC is not installed.
7	RTC is installed.

Syntax

~!C

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

~!C

See Also

YEAR, MONTH, DATE, WEEK, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND, @YEAR, @MONTH, @DATE, @DAY, @HOUR, @MINUTE, @SECOND

● ~!D

Description

This command is used to enter DUMP mode.

Syntax

~!D

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

~!D

● ~!F

Description

This command is used to inquire about files resident in the printer memory and fonts installed in the memory module.

The filename is returned in ASCII characters. Each file name ends with 0x0D. The ending character is 0x1A.

Syntax

~!F

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

~!F

See Also

FILES

● ~!!

Description

The command is used to inquire the code page and country setting of the printer.

The returned information is given in the following format

code page, country code

ex: 8 bit: 437, 001

7 bit: USA, 001

Regarding the code pages and country codes supported by the printer, please refer to the **CODEPAGE** and **COUNTRY** command respectively.

Syntax

~!!

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

~!!

See Also

COUNTRY, CODEPAGE

● ~!T

Description

This command is used to inquire the model name and number of the printer. They are returned in ASCII characters.

Printer Type	Returned String
TTP-243	TTP/TDP 243
TTP-243E	TTP/TDP 243E
TTP-243 Plus	TTP243P
TTP-243E Plus	TTP243EP
TTP-244ME	TTP/TDP 244ME
TTP-244ME Plus	TTP244MEP
TTP-342	TTP/TDP 342
TTP-342 Plus	TP342MP
TTP-342M	TTP/TDP 342M
TTP-342M Plus	TTP342MP
TTP-643 Plus	TDP 643
TTP-643R Plus	TDP643P
TTP-2410M	TTP2410M
TTP-346M	TTP346M
TTP-248M	TTP248M
TTP-246M	TTP246M
TTP-246G	TTP246G
TTP-344M	TTP344M
TTP-245	TTP245
TDP-245	TDP245
TTP-245G	TTP245G
TDP-245G	TDP245G
TTP-343	TTP343
TTP-244	TTP244
M23	M23

Syntax

~!T

Parameter

None

Description

N/A

Example

~!T

See Also

~!I, ~!F

Message Translation Protocols

● ~#

Description

The beginning identifier (~#) of the prompt message is sent from the printer to the KP-200 portable keyboard. The ending identifier is ~&.

@0 following the ending identifier ~& is used to instruct keyboard to display the prompt in the first line of LCD display.

@1 following the ending identifier ~& is used to instruct keyboard to display the prompt in the first line of LCD display.

If @0 or @1 is ignored, prompt string will be displayed in first line of LCD and input data will be displayed in second line of LCD.

Syntax

~#Prompt~&[@0]

~#Prompt~&[@1]

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "A.BAS"  
OUT "~#KP-200~&@0"  
OUT "~#Testing~&@1"  
EOP  
A
```

See Also

INPUT, OUT

Commands for Windows Driver

● !B

Description

This command is used to store bitmap image data in the memory. Behind the nnn is the bitmap data.

Syntax

!Bnnn

Parameter

nnn

Description

The number of bytes of image data sent from PC to printer, expressed in 3 decimal digits.

Example

!B100

See Also

BITMAP

● !J

Description

This command is used to print the bitmap data at the specified position (in y-direction).

Syntax

!Jnnnn

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
nnnn	Print image at the specified position in y-direction. The position is expressed in 4 decimal digits.

Example

!J0100

See Also

FEED

● !N

Description

This command is used to print specified number of labels.

Syntax

!Nnnn

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
nnn	Specifies the number of copies to be printed.

Example

!N001

File Management Commands

● DOWNLOAD

Description

“DOWNLOAD” is a header of the file that is to be saved in the printer's memory.

The downloaded files can be divided to two categories: program file and data file (including text data file, PCX graphic files and bitmap font file)

The detailed descriptions regarding the download syntax for different files are shown below:

Maximum numbers of file saved in DRAM:

50 files for TSPL/TSPL2 language printers.

Maximum numbers of file saved in Flash memory:

50 files for TSPL language printers

64 files for TSPL2 language desktop printers (TTP/TDP-245 / TTP-343 / TTP-244)

256 files for TSPL2 language industrial printers (TTP-246M/344M)

TSPL LANGUAGE PRINTERS	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23

Printers will execute the program automatically when turning on power, if one of the downloaded programs is named “AUTO.BAS”. To disable the auto execution function, please follow the procedures below.

For TTP-245/TTP-343/TDP-245

Hold the FEED key and power on the switch. The LED color will be changed as following pattern.

Orange → red (5 blinks) → orange (5 blinks) → green (5 blinks) → solid green

Release the FEED key while LED becomes solid green then printer will not run “AUTO.BAS”.

For TTP-246M/TTP-344M series

Hold the FEED key and power on the switch. The ERROR LED will be on. And then, release the FEED key; “AUTO.BAS” will not be executed. Printer is ready to use.

Syntax

1. Download a program file

DOWNLOAD [n,]"FILENAME.BAS"

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	Specify the memory which is used to save the download files.
n is ignored	Download files to DRAM only. If you would like to save the files from DRAM to Flash memory before turning off power, you can issue MOVE command to printer to move the files from DRAM to Flash memory. F: Download files to main board flash memory. E: Download files to expansion memory module.

FILENAME.BAS The filename resident in printer memory.

Note:

- (1). The filename is case sensitive.**
- (2). The extension of the program file must be ".BAS"**
- (3). Filename format must be in 8.3 format.**
- (4). If memory is not specified, all files will be downloaded to DRAM.**
No Battery is used to backup DRAM. The downloaded files in DRAM will be lost in case turns off printer power.
- (5). The second parameter [n] is only available for TSPL2 printers.**

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-------------------------------	---

- (6). For TSPL language printers, after downloading the files to DRAM, please issue MOVE command to save the downloaded files into printer flash memory.**

TSPL LANGUAGE PRINTERS	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
-------------------------------	--

2. Download a data file

DOWNLOAD [n,]"FILENAME", DATA SIZE, DATA CONTENT...where

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	Specify the memory location to save the download files.
n is ignored	Download files to DRAM only. If you would like to

save the files from DRAM to Flash memory before turning off power, you can issue MOVE command to printer to move the files from DRAM to Flash memory.

F: Download files to main board flash memory.

E: Download files to expansion memory module.

FILENAME The name of data file that will remain resident in the printer memory. It is case sensitive.

DATA SIZE The actual size (numbers of byte) of the data file without header.

Note:

(1). For text data file, CR (carriage return) 0x0D and LF (Line Feed) 0x0A is the separator of data.

(2). If memory is not specified, all files will be downloaded to DRAM.

No Battery is used to backup DRAM. The downloaded files in DRAM will be lost in case turns off printer power.

(3). The second parameter [n] is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-------------------------------	---

(4). For TSPL language printers, after downloading the files to DRAM, please issue MOVE command to save the downloaded files into printer flash memory.

TSPL LANGUAGE PRINTERS	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
-------------------------------	--

Example

The program listed below will download to printer SDRAM.

DOWNLOAD "EXAMPLE.BAS"

SIZE 4,4

GAP 0,0

DENSITY 8

SPEED 6

DIRECTION 0

REFERENCE 0,0

SET CUTTER OFF

SET PEEL OFF

CLS

TEXT 100,100,"3",0,1,1,"EXAMPLE PROGRAM"

PRINT 1

EOP

Note: When writing a download program, “DOWNLOAD” header must be placed in the beginning of file, and “EOP” must be placed at the end of program.

To run the program, you can call the main filename without BAS extension or use RUN command to start the download program.

Example:

1. Call the main filename

```
C:\>COPY CON LPT1<ENTER>
```

```
EXAMPLE<ENTER>
```

```
<CTRL><Z>
```

```
C:\>
```

2. Use Run command to start the program

```
C:\>COPY CON LPT1<ENTER>
```

```
RUN “EXAMPLE.BAS”<ENTER>
```

```
<CTRL><Z>
```

```
C:\>
```

Below is an example of downloading data file.

```
DOWNLOAD “DATA”,20,COMPUTER<Enter>
```

```
2001<Enter>
```

```
21<Enter>
```

Note: <ENTER> stands for keyboard “ENTER” key. In the above example, please press “ENTER” key instead of typing <ENTER> in the above example.

See Also

EOP, RUN, PUTBMP, PUTPCX, INPUT

● EOP

Description

End of program. To declare the start and end of BASIC language commands used in a program, the DOWNLOAD "FILENAME.BAS" must be added in the first line of the program, and "EOP" statement at the last line of program.

Syntax

EOP

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"  
SIZE 4,4  
GAP 0,0  
DENSITY 8  
SPEED 6  
DIRECTION 0  
REFERENCE 0,0  
SET CUTTER OFF  
SET PEEL OFF  
CLS  
TEXT 100,100,"3",0,1,1,"DEMO PROGRAM"  
PRINT 1  
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, INPUT

● FILES

Description

This command prints out the filenames (or lists the files through RS-232) that remained in the printer memory (both FLASH memory and DRAM). The total memory size and available memory size are printed out or lists as well.

Syntax

FILES

Example

Follow the steps below to print out (or lists the files through RS-232) the files that are saved in printer memory in DOS environment through serial port or parallel port connection.

```
C:\>MODE COM1 96,N,8,1<ENTER>
C:\>COPY CON COM1<ENTER>
      FILES<ENTER>
      <CTRL><Z><ENTER>
C:\>
```

Or

```
C:\>COPY CON LPT1<ENTER>
      FILES<ENTER>
      <CTRL><Z><ENTER>
```

Note: <ENTER> stands for PC keyboard “ENTER” key.
<CTRL><Z> means to hold PC keyboard “CTRL” key then press the PC keyboard <Z> key.

See Also

~!F, KILL

● KILL

Description

This command deletes a file in the printer memory. The wild card (*) will delete all files resident in specified DRAM or FLASH memory.

Syntax

KILL [n], "FILENAME"

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	Specify the memory location that files will be deleted.
n is ignored	Kill files saved in DRAM. F: Kill files from main board flash memory. E: Kill files from expansion memory module.

Note:

(1). If optional parameter n is not specified, firmware will delete the file in DRAM.

(2). [n] parameter is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-------------------------------	---

Syntax example

1. KILL "FILENAME"
2. KILL "*.PCX"
3. KILL "**"
4. KILL F, "FILENAME"
5. KILL E, "*.PCX"

(3). For BPL printers, please send MOVE command to printer after sending KILL command.

TSPL language printers	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
-------------------------------	--

Example

Users can use printer SELFTEST utility to list printer configurations and files saved in the printer memory, or use the FILES command to print the downloaded file list in printer. Follow the steps below to delete files in the printer memory via parallel port connection.

```
C:\>COPY CON LPT1<ENTER>
      FILES<ENTER>
      <CTRL><Z><ENTER>
C:\>COPY CON LPT1<ENTER>
      KILL "DEMO.BAS" <ENTER>
```

```
<CTRL><Z><ENTER>  
C:\>COPY CON LPT1<ENTER>  
FILES<ENTER>  
<CTRL><Z><ENTER>
```

Note: <ENTER> stands for PC keyboard “ENTER” key.
<CTRL><Z> means to hold PC keyboard “CTRL” key then press
the PC keyboard <Z> key

See Also

~!F, FILES

● MOVE

Description

This command is used to move downloaded files from DRAM to the FLASH memory.

Syntax

MOVE

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
N/A	N/A

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP

● RUN

Description

This command is used to execute a program that resident in printer memory
This command is available for TSPL2 language printers only.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-----------------------------------	--

Syntax

RUN "FILENAME.BAS"

Example

```
C:\>COPY CON LPT1<ENTER>
RUN "DEMO.BAS"<ENTER>
<CTRL><Z><ENTER>
C:\>
```

Note: <ENTER> stands for PC keyboard "ENTER" key.

<CTRL><Z> means to hold PC keyboard "CTRL" key then press
the PC keyboard <Z> key

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP

BASIC Commands and Functions

● ABS()

Description

This function returns the absolute value of an integer, floating point or variable.

Syntax

```
ABS (-100)
ABS (-99.99)
ABS (VARIABLE)
```

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "TEST.BAS"
SIZE 4,4
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 3
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
A=ABS(-100)
B=ABS(-50.98)
C=-99.99
TEXT 100,100,"3",0,1,1,STR$(A)
TEXT 100,150,"3",0,1,1,STR$(B)
TEXT 100,200,"3",0,1,1,STR$(ABS(C))
PRINT 1
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP

● ASC()

Description

This function returns the ASCII code of the character.

Syntax

ASC ("A")

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "TEST.BAS"  
SIZE 4,4  
GAP 0,0  
DENSITY 8  
SPEED 3  
DIRECTION 0  
REFERENCE 0,0  
SET CUTTER OFF  
SET PEEL OFF  
CLS  
CODE1=ASC("A")  
TEXT 100,100,"3",0,1,1,STR$(CODE1)  
PRINT 1  
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, STR\$()

● CHR\$()

Description

This function returns the character that has the specified ASCII code.

Syntax

CHR\$(n)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	The ASCII code

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "TEST.BAS"  
SIZE 4,4  
GAP 0,0  
DENSITY 8  
SPEED 3  
DIRECTION 0  
REFERENCE 0,0  
SET CUTTER OFF  
SET PEEL OFF  
CLS  
A=65  
WORD$=CHR$(A)  
TEXT 100,100,"3",0,1,1,WORD$  
PRINT 1  
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, STR\$(), ASC\$()

● END

Description

This command states the ending of program.

Syntax

END

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 4,2
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
TEXT 200,60,"4",0,1,1,"END COMMAND TEST"
X=300
Y=200
X1=500
Y1=400
GOSUB DR_LINE
PRINT 1
END

:DR_LINE
FOR I=1 TO 100 STEP 10
BOX X+I,Y+I,X1-I,Y1-I,5
NEXT
RETURN
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP

● EOF()

Description

This function is used to detect an opened download file to see whether it has reached the end of file.

Syntax

EOF (File Handle)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
File handle	Either 0 or 1.

<u>Return value</u>	<u>Description</u>
None-zero	End of file
0	Not end of file

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DATA",16,COMPUTER
2000
```

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
OPEN "DATA",0
SEEK 0,0
Y=110
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,"*****EOF TEST*****"
:A
Temp$=""
READ 0,ITEM$,P
TEXT 10,Y,"2",0,1,1,ITEM$+"$"+STR$(P)+"[EOF(0)=" +STR$(EOF(0))+"]"
BARCODE 10,Y+25,"39",40,1,0,2,4,"PRICE-"+STR$(P)
Y=Y+100
IF EOF(0)=0 THEN GOTO A
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, OPEN, READ, SEEK

● OPEN

Description

This command is used to open a downloaded file and establish the file handle. Up to 2 files can be opened at the same time. The file to be opened should be downloaded prior to using this command.

Syntax

OPEN "Filename", File handle

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
Filename	The file downloaded in the printer memory
File handle	Either 0 or 1.

Example

If a file by the name of "DATA" is to be downloaded,
The file format contains:

```
DOWNLOAD "DATA1",56,COMPUTER
2000
12
MOUSE
500
13
KEYBOARD
300
100
```

```
DOWNLOAD "DATA2",56,Computer
3000
32
Mouse
900
93
Keyboard
700
700
```

Saving the above contents of data under the file name of "DATA". Follow the steps below to download data to the printer

```
C:\>COPY DATA/B LPT1
```

If a file by name of "DEMO.BAS is to be downloaded, the file format contains:

```

DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,1
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
I=1
Y=100
GOSUB OpenData
:Start
CLS
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,"*****OPEN COMMAND TEST*****"
ITEM$=""
READ 0,ITEM$,P,Q
TEXT 10,Y,"2",0,1,1,ITEM$+"$"+STR$(P)+"[EOF(0)=" +STR$(EOF(0))+"]"
BARCODE 10,Y+25,"39",40,1,0,2,4,"PRICE*"+STR$(Q)+"="+STR$(P*Q)
Y=Y+100
PRINT 1
Y=100
IF EOF(0)=1 THEN GOSUB OpenData
IF EOF(0)=0 THEN GOTO Start
END
:OpenData
IF I=1 THEN OPEN "DATA1",0
IF I=2 THEN OPEN "DATA2",0
SEEK 0,0
IF I>2 THEN END
I=I+1
RETURN
EOP
DEMO
Saving the above contents of data under the file name of "DEMO".
Follow the steps below to download data to the printer
<under MS-DOS mode>:
C:\>COPY DEMO/B LPT1
Execute DEMO.BAS in printer:
C:\>COPY CON LPT1
DEMO
<Ctrl><Z>

```

The above example instructs the printer to open the file "DATA1" and "DATA2" with same file handle of 0, and read items from the file.

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, READ, EOF, LOF, SEEK, FREAD\$()

● READ

Description

This command is used to read data from downloaded data file

Syntax

READ file handle, variables

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
file handle	0 or 1
variables	string, integer or float point variable

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DATA1",20,COMPUTER
2000
12

DOWNLOAD "DATA2",16,Mouse
900
93

DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,1
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
I=0
Y=100
OPEN "DATA1",0
OPEN "DATA2",1
SEEK 0,0
SEEK 1,0
:Start
CLS
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,"*****READ COMMAND TEST*****"
TEXT 10,50,"3",0,1,1,"OPEN-READ DATA"+STR$(I+1)
ITEM$=""
READ I,ITEM$,P,Q
TEXT 10,Y,"2",0,1,1,ITEM$+"$"+STR$(P)
BARCODE 10,Y+25,"39",40,1,0,2,4,"PRICE*"+STR$(Q)+"="+STR$(P*Q)
Y=Y+100
PRINT 1
Y=100
```



```
IF I<=1 THEN
  IF EOF(I)=1 THEN
    I=I+1
    GOTO Start
  ELSE
    GOTO Start
  ENDIF
ELSE
  END
ENDIF
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, OPEN, EOF, LOF, SEEK, FREAD\$()

● SEEK

Description

This command is used to shift the specified file pointer to a certain position.

Syntax

SEEK file handle, offset

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
file handle	0 or 1
offset	the offset characters which are shifted to the beginning of a new position

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DATA",12,1234567890

DOWNLOAD "TEST.BAS"
SIZE 3,1
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 3
DIRECTION 1
REFERENCE 0,0
CLS
OPEN "DATA",0
SEEK 0,4
READ 0,Num$
  TEXT 100,10,"3",0,1,1,"SEEK COMMAND TEST"
BAR 100,40,300,4
  TEXT 100,60,"3",0,1,1,"SHIFT 4 CHARACTERS"
  TEXT 100,110,"3",0,1,1,Num$
BAR 100,140,300,4
SEEK 0,0
READ 0,Num$
  TEXT 100,160,"3",0,1,1,"SHIFT 0 CHARACTERS"
  TEXT 100,210,"3",0,1,1,Num$
PRINT 1
EOP
TEST
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, OPEN, READ, EOF, LOF, FREAD\$()

● LOF()

Description

This function returns the size of the specified file.

Syntax

LOF ("FILENAME")

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
FILENAME	The file downloaded in the printer memory.

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DATA1",10,1234567890

DOWNLOAD "DATA2",15,ABCDEFGHJKLMNO

DOWNLOAD "LofTest.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 3
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
  OPEN "DATA1",0
  OPEN "DATA2",1
  TEXT 10,20,"4",0,1,1,"LOF() FUNCTION TEST"
  J=LOF("DATA1")
  K=LOF("DATA2")

  TEXT 10,140,"3",0,1,1,"DATA1 IS: "+STR$(J)+" Bytes"
  TEXT 10,200,"3",0,1,1,"DATA2 IS: "+STR$(K)+" Bytes"
  PRINT 1
EOP
LofTest
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, OPEN, READ, EOF, SEEK, FREAD\$()

● FREAD\$()

Description

This function reads a specified number of bytes of data from a file.

Syntax

FREAD\$ (file handle, byte)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
file handle	Either 0 or 1
byte	Number of bytes to be read

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DATA1",10,1234567890

DOWNLOAD "DATA2",15,ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO

DOWNLOAD "OPEN2.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 3
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
Y$=""
Z$=""
OPEN "DATA1",0
OPEN "DATA2",1
SEEK 0,0
SEEK 1,0
TEXT 10,260,"3",0,1,1,"FREAD$(0,6) IS: "+Y$
TEXT 10,320,"3",0,1,1,"FREAD$(1,6) IS: "+Z$
PRINT 1
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, OPEN, READ, EOF, LOF(), SEEK

● FOR...NEXT LOOP

Description

Loop is used to execute one or more lines of program repetitively. Before anything, a value should be assigned the loop counter to specify the execution times. Nested loop is allowed (up to 39 nested loops) in this printer. Jumping out in the middle of the FOR...NEXT loop is prohibited because it is not a good programming skill..

Syntax

For variable = start TO end STEP increment
 statement; start < end
NEXT

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
variable	The variable name is up to 8 characters
start	Can be integer or floating point numbers
end	Can be integer or floating point numbers
increment	Integer or floating point, positive or negative.

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "LOOP.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 1
CLS
FOR I=1 TO 10 STEP 1
TEXT 100,10+30*(I-1),"3",0,1,1,STR$(I)
NEXT
FOR I=1 TO 1000 STEP 100
TEXT 200,10+((I-1)/10)*3,"3",0,1,1,STR$(I)
NEXT
FOR I=110 TO 10 STEP -10
TEXT 300,10+(ABS(I-110))*3,"3",0,1,1,STR$(I)
NEXT
FOR I=1 TO 5 STEP 0.5
IF I-INT(I)=0 THEN Y=10+60*(I-1) ELSE Y=Y+30
TEXT 400,Y,"3",0,1,1,STR$(I)
NEXT
PRINT 1
EOP
LOOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP

● IF...THEN...ELSE...ENDIF LOOP

Description

Use IF...THEN block to execute one or more statements conditionally.
You can use either a single-line syntax or multiple-line "block" syntax:

Syntax

IF condition THEN statement

Notice that the single-line form of IF ... THEN does not use an ENDIF statement.

Or

```
IF condition THEN          (TSPL2 printers only)
    Statements
ENDIF
```

Or

```
IF condition THEN          (TSPL2 printers only)
    Statements
ELSE
    Statements
ENDIF
```

Or

```
IF condition 1 THEN        (TSPL2 printers only)
    Statement block 1
ELSEIF condition 2 THEN
    Statement block 2
. . .
ELSEIF condition n THEN
    Statement block n
ENDIF
```

The syntax of IF...THEN...ELSE requires that the command be typed in one single line in less than 255 characters.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
condition	Available relational operator: <, >, =, <=, >=
statement	Only one statement is available in

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"  
SIZE 3,3  
GAP 0.12,0  
SPEED 4  
DENSITY 8  
DIRECTION 1  
REFERENCE 0,0  
OFFSET 0.00  
SET CUTTER OFF  
SET PEEL OFF  
CLS
```

```
A=0  
B=0  
C=0  
D=0  
E=0  
F=0  
G=0  
H=0  
J=0  
K=0  
L=0
```

```
FOR I=1 TO 100  
  IF I-INT(I/1)*1=0 THEN A=A+I  
  IF I-INT(I/2)*2=1 THEN B=B+I ELSE C=C+I  
  IF I-INT(I/3)*3=0 THEN  
    D=D+I  
  ENDIF  
  IF I-INT(I/5)*5=0 THEN  
    E=E+I  
  ELSE  
    F=F+I  
  ENDIF  
  IF I-INT(I/7)*7=0 THEN  
    G=G+I  
  ELSEIF I-INT(I/17)*17=0 THEN  
    H=H+I  
  ELSEIF I-INT(I/27)*27=0 THEN  
    J=J+I  
  ELSEIF I-INT(I/37)*37=0 THEN  
    K=K+I  
  ELSE  
    L=L+I  
  ENDIF  
NEXT  
TEXT 100,110,"3",0,1,1,"(1) 1+2+3+...+100="+STR$(A)
```

```

TEXT 100,160,"3",0,1,1,"(2) 1+3+5+...+99="+STR$(B)
TEXT 100,210,"3",0,1,1,"(3) 2+4+6+...+100="+STR$(C)
TEXT 100,260,"3",0,1,1,"(4) 3+6+9+...+99="+STR$(D)
TEXT 100,310,"3",0,1,1,"(5) 5+10+15+...+100="+STR$(E)
TEXT 100,360,"3",0,1,1,"      (1)-(5)="+STR$(F)
TEXT 100,410,"3",0,1,1,"(6) 7+14+21+...+98="+STR$(G)
TEXT 100,460,"3",0,1,1,"(7) 17+34+51+...+85="+STR$(H)
TEXT 100,510,"3",0,1,1,"(8) 27+54+...+81="+STR$(J)
TEXT 100,560,"3",0,1,1,"(9) 37+74="+STR$(K)
TEXT 100,610,"3",0,1,1,"      (1)-(6)-(7)-(8)-(9)="+STR$(L)
PRINT 1,1
EOP

```

DOWNLOAD "IFTHEN.BAS"

```

SIZE 4,4
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 3
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
A=50
B=5
C$=""
D$=""

```

```

:L1
IF A>100 THEN GOTO L1 ELSE A=A+10
C$=STR$(A)+" IS SMALLER THAN 100"
TEXT 100,10,"4",0,1,1,C$
PRINT 1
END

```

```

:L2
A=A+B
D$=STR$(A)+" IS LARGER THAN 100"
TEXT 100,100,"4",0,1,1,D$
PRINT 1
GOTO L1
EOP

```

Note

If the result of the expression is nonzero, the statement following THEN will be executed. If the result of the expression is zero, and the statement following the ELSE present, it will be executed. Otherwise the next line of statement is executed.

If there are block of statements in IF...THEN ...ELSE, ENDIF must be used at the end of the IF...THEN ...ELSE statement.

Limitations:

The total numbers of nested IF ...THEN ...ELSE statement in a program can not exceed than 40.

The total numbers of nested IF ...THEN ...ELSE, FOR...NEXT, GOSUB RETURN in a program can not exceed than 40 loops.

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP

● GOSUB...RETURN

Description

Branch to and return from a subroutine. Branch to the specified label and execute subroutines until "RETURN" is reached and then go back to the statement following the GOSUB statement.

Syntax

```
GOSUB LABEL
      statement
END
:LABEL
      statement
RETURN
```

Parameter

LABEL

Description

Beginning of the subroutine. The maximum length of the label is 8 characters.

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "GOSUB1.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
CLS
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,"GOSUB & RETURN COMMAND TEST"
GOSUB DR_BOX
PRINT 1
END
:DR_BOX
  FOR I=21 TO 81 STEP 10
    BOX 80+I,80+I,80+300-I,80+300-I,5
  NEXT
RETURN
EOP
GOSUB1
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, GOTO

● GOTO

Description

This command is used to branch to a specified label. The label cannot exceed 8 characters in length.

Syntax

GOTO LABEL

:LABEL

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "GOTO1.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 1
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
A=0
TOTAL=0
:START
  IF A<100 THEN
    GOTO SUM
  ELSE
    GOTO PRTOUT
  ENDIF
:SUM
  A=A+1
  TOTAL=TOTAL+A
  GOTO START
:PRTOUT
  B$="THE SUMMATION OF 1..100 IS "+STR$(TOTAL)
  TEXT 10,100,"3",0,1,1,B$
  PRINT 1
END
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, GOSUB...RETURN

● INP\$()

Description

One byte is received from a serial port through this function.

Syntax

INP\$(n)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	1: com1 port in printer

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 3
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
T$=""
FOR I=1 TO 5
    T$=T$+INP$(1)
NEXT
TEXT 100,100,"4",0,1,1,"INP$(1)="+T$
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
12345
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, INPUT, GOSUB...RETURN, GOTO

● INPUT

Description

This command is used to receive data through serial port. This command is used with portable keyboard KP-200.

Syntax

INPUT ["Prompt string", number of digits], variables

The comma also can be replaced by semicolon. Such as:

INPUT ["Prompt string"; number of digits]; variables

Parameter

Prompt string

Description

The prompt string is shown on keyboard LCD screen. The maximum length of prompt string is 20 characters.

Number of digits

Maximum number of character is 255.

Variables

The variable to receive input data.

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "INPUT1.BAS"
```

```
SIZE 3,3
```

```
GAP 0.08,0
```

```
DENSITY 8
```

```
SPEED 4
```

```
DIRECTION 0
```

```
REFERENCE 0,0
```

```
SET CUTTER OFF
```

```
SET PEEL OFF
```

```
:START
```

```
CLS
```

```
A$=""
```

```
TEXT 20,50,"3",0,1,1,"INPUT and KP-200 Test"
```

```
INPUT "CODE 39 :",C39$
```

```
INPUT "EAN 13:",12,E13$
```

```
BARCODE 20,100,"39",48,1,0,2,5,C39$
```

```
BARCODE 20,200,"EAN13",48,1,0,4,4,E13$
```

```
PRINT 1
```

```
GOTO START
```

```
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, GOTO

● REM

Description

Comment. Prefix is "REM" that will be ignored by the printer.

Syntax

REM

Example

```
REM *****
REM This is a demonstration program*
REM *****
DOWNLOAD "REMARK.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 1
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"REMARK DEMO PROGRAM"
REM TEXT 50,100,"3",0,1,1,"REMARK DEMO PROGRAM"
PRINT 1,1
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END

● OUT

Description

This command is used to send data through printer serial port.

Syntax

OUT "prompt", variable

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
prompt	Prompt which is shown on LCD screen.
Variable	The output message

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"  
SIZE 3,3  
GAP 0.08,0  
DENSITY 8  
SPEED 4  
DIRECTION 0  
REFERENCE 0,0  
SET CUTTER OFF  
SET PEEL OFF  
CLS  
PRICE$="123456"  
OUT "PRICE:",PRICE$  
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, ~#...~&

● GETKEY()

Description

This command is used to get the status of PAUSE key and FEED key. This command waits until either key is pressed. 0 is returned if PAUSE key is pressed and 1 is returned if FEED key is pressed.

Model	PAUSE	FEED
TTP-2410M/TTP-248M/ TTP246M/344M/ TTP-244	0	1
TTP-245/343/TDP-245	X	1

Syntax

GETKEY()

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO4.BAS"
SIZE 4,4
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 3
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
:START
A=GETKEY()
IF A=0 THEN GOTO PAUSEB
IF A=1 THEN GOTO FEEDB
:PAUSEB
CLS
TEXT 50,10,"4",0,1,1,"PAUSE key is pressed !"
PRINT 1
GOTO START
:FEEDB
CLS
TEXT 50,10,"4",0,1,1,"FEED key is pressed !"
PRINT 1
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, GOTO

● INT()

Description

This function is used to truncate a floating point number.

Syntax

INT (n)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	n can be positive or negative integer, floating point number or mathematical expression.

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 4,2
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 3
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
REM **** To round up or down****
INPUT "Number:",Num
N=INT(Num+0.5)
IF N>Num THEN
    TEXT 50,100,"3",0,1,1,"To round up= "+STR$(N)
ELSE
    TEXT 50,100,"3",0,1,1,"To round down= "+STR$(N)
ENDIF
PRINT 1
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, ABS(), ASC(), STR\$()

● LEFT\$ ()

Description

This function returns the specified number of characters down from the initial character of a string.

Syntax

LEFT\$ (X\$, n)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
X\$	The string to be processed
n	The number of characters to be returned

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "STR1.BAS"
SIZE 3.00,3.00
GAP 0.08,0.00
SPEED 4.0
DENSITY 8
SET CUTTER OFF
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
CLS
A$="BARCODE PRINTER DEMO PRINTING"
C$=LEFT$(A$,10)
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,A$
TEXT 10,100,"3",0,1,1,"10 LEFT 10 CHARS: "+C$
PRINT 1
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, RIGHT\$(), MID\$(), LEN(), STR\$()

● LEN()

Description

This function returns the length of a string.

Syntax

LEN (string)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
string	The string whose length is to be measured. .

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3.00,3.00
GAP 0.08,0.00
SPEED 4.0
DENSITY 8
SET CUTTER OFF
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
CLS
A$="TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD"
B=LEN(A$)
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,A$
TEXT 10,50,"3",0,1,1,"STRING LENGTH="+STR$(B)
PRINT 1
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, LEFT\$(), LEN(), RIGHT\$(), MID\$(), STR\$(), VAL()

● MID\$()

Description

This function is used to get the specified number of characters down from the mth character of a string.

Syntax

MID\$(string, m, n)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
string	The string to be processed.
m	The beginning of mth characters in the string. 1 <= m <= string length
n	The number of characters to return.

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3.00,3.00
GAP 0.08,0.00
SPEED 4.0
DENSITY 8
SET CUTTER OFF
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0

CLS
A$="TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD"
E$=MID$(A$,11,10)
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,A$
TEXT 10,200,"3",0,1,1,"10 MIDDLE CHARS: "+E$
PRINT 1
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, LEFT\$(), LEN(), RIGHT\$(), STR\$(), VAL()

● RIGHT\$()

Description

This function returns the specified number of characters up from the end of a string.

Syntax

RIGHT\$(X\$, n)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
X\$	The string to be processed
n	The number of characters to be returned from the right side (end) of the string

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
```

```
SIZE 3.00,3.00
```

```
GAP 0.08,0.00
```

```
SPEED 4.0
```

```
DENSITY 8
```

```
SET CUTTER OFF
```

```
DIRECTION 0
```

```
REFERENCE 0,0
```

```
CLS
```

```
A$="TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD"
```

```
D$=RIGHT$(A$,10)
```

```
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,A$
```

```
TEXT 10,150,"3",0,1,1,"10 RIGHT CHARS: "+D$
```

```
PRINT 1
```

```
EOP
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, LEFT\$(), LEN(), MID\$(), STR\$(), VAL()

● STR\$()

Description

This function converts a specified value or expression into corresponding string of characters.

Syntax

STR\$(n)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	An integer, floating point number or mathematical expression

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3.00,3.00
GAP 0,0.00
SPEED 4.0
DENSITY 8
SET CUTTER OFF
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
CLS
A$="TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD"
F=100
G=500
H$=STR$(F+G)
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,A$
TEXT 10,60,"3",0,1,1,"F="+STR$(F)
TEXT 10,110,"3",0,1,1,"G="+STR$(G)
TEXT 10,160,"3",0,1,1,"F+G="+H$
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, LEFT\$(), LEN(), RIGHT\$(), MID\$(), VAL()

● VAL()

Description

This function is used to convert numeric character into corresponding integer or floating point number.

Syntax

VAL ("numeric character")

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
numeric character	"0~9", "."

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3.00,3.00
GAP 0.00,0.00
SPEED 4.0
DENSITY 8
SET CUTTER OFF
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
CLS
A$="TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD"
F$="100"
G$="500"
H=VAL(F$)+VAL(G$)
I$=STR$(H)
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,A$
TEXT 10,60,"3",0,1,1,"F="+F$
TEXT 10,110,"3",0,1,1,"G="+G$
TEXT 10,160,"3",0,1,1,"F+G="+I$
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

DOWNLOAD, EOP, END, LEFT\$(), LEN(), RIGHT\$(), MID\$(), STR\$()

● BEEP

Description

This command is used to issue a beep sound on portable keyboard. Printer sends 0x07 to KP-200 portable keyboard.

Syntax

BEEP

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
None	N/A

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"  
SIZE 4,4  
GAP 0,0  
DENSITY 8  
SPEED 6  
DIRECTION 0  
REFERENCE 0,0  
SET CUTTER OFF  
SET PEEL OFF  
CLS  
BEEP  
INPUT "Text1 =",TEXT1$  
TEXT 100,100,"3",0,1,1,TEXT1$  
PRINT 1  
EOP
```


Device Reconfiguration Commands

● SET COUNTER

Description

Counter can be a real counter or a variable.

This setting sets the counter number in program and their increments.

There are three different kind of counters: digit (0~9~0), lower case letter (a~z~a) and upper case letter (A~Z~A).

Syntax

SET COUNTER @n step

@n = "Expression"

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
@n	n: counter number. There are 51 counters available (@0~@50) in the printer.
step	The increment of the counter, can be positive or negative. -999999999<= step <=999999999 If the counter is used as a fixed variable, please set the increment to 0.
Expression	Initial string. String length is 101 bytes

Example

```
SIZE 3,3
```

```
GAP 0,0
```

```
DENSITY 8
```

```
SPEED 6
```

```
DIRECTION 0
```

```
REFERENCE 0,0
```

```
SET COUNTER @1 1
```

```
@1="00001"
```

```
SET COUNTER @2 5
```

```
@2="AB000001"
```

```
CLS
```

```
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,@1
```

```
BARCODE 50,100,"39",48,1,0,2,4,@2
```

```
PRINT 2,1
```

See Also

PRINT, TEXT, BARCODE

● SET CUTTER

Description

This setting is used to activate/deactivate the cutter and define how many printed labels to be cut at one time.

This setting will be saved in printer memory when turning off the power.

Syntax

SET CUTTER OFF/BATCH/pieces

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
OFF	Disable cutter function.
BATCH	Set printer to cut label at the end of printing job.
Pieces	Set number of printing labels per cut. 0<= pieces <=65535

Example

```
REM ***SET CUTTER FUNCTION OFF EXAMPLE PROGRAM***
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"SET CUTTER OFF"
PRINT 3
REM ***This program cuts once at the batch***
SET CUTTER BATCH
CLS
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"SET CUTTER BATCH"
PRINT 3,2
REM ***This program cuts every label***
SET CUTTER 1
CLS
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"SET CUTTER 1"
PRINT 3,2
REM ***This program cuts 2 label***
SET CUTTER 2
CLS
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"SET CUTTER 2"
PRINT 3,2
```

See Also

OFFSET, PRINT, SET PARTIAL_CUTTER

● SET PARTIAL_CUTTER

Description

This setting is used to activate/deactivate the cutter and define how many printed labels to be cut at one time.

This setting will be saved in printer memory when turning off the power.

With this function, the label won't back feed when it is cut off.

This command is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343
-----------------------------------	--

Syntax

SET PARTIAL_CUTTER OFF/BATCH/pieces

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
OFF	Disable cutter function.
BATCH	Set printer to cut label at the end of printing job.
Pieces	Set number of printing labels per cut. 0<= pieces <=65535

Example

```
REM **SET PARTIAL_CUTTER FUNCTION OFF EXAMPLE PROGRAM**
SIZE 3,1
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET PARTIAL_CUTTER OFF
CLS
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"SET PARTIAL_CUTTER OFF"
PRINT 3
REM ***This program cuts once at the batch***
SET PARTIAL_CUTTER BATCH
CLS
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"SET PARTIAL_CUTTER BATCH"
PRINT 3,2
REM ***This program cuts every label***
SET PARTIAL_CUTTER 1
CLS
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"SET PARTIAL_CUTTER 1"
PRINT 3,2
REM ***This program cuts 2 label***
SET PARTIAL_CUTTER 2
CLS
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"SET PARTIAL_CUTTER 2"
PRINT 3,2
```

See Also

OFFSET, PRINT, SET CUTTER

● SET BACK

Description

This setting is used after SET CUTTER function.

With this function, the label won't be back feed when it is cut off.

This command is only available for TSPL2 printer

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343
-----------------------------------	--

Syntax

SET BACK OFF/ON

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
OFF	Disable back function.
ON	Enable back function.

Example

```
REM **SET BACK FUNCTION OFF EXAMPLE PROGRAM**
SIZE 3,1
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 1
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER 1
SET BACK OFF
CLS
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"SET BACK OFF"
PRINT 3

CLS
SET CUTTER 1
SET BACK ON
TEXT 50,50,"3",0,1,1,"SET BACK ON"
PRINT 3
```

See Also

OFFSET, PRINT, SET CUTTER

● SET KEY1, SET KEY2, SET KEY3

Description

This setting is used to enable/disable the KEY1/KEY2/KEY3 function. The default function of KEY1 is "MENU" key, KEY2 is "PAUSE" key and KEY3 is "FEED" key. Before setting KEY1/KEY2/KEY3 function otherwise, please disable KEY1/KEY2/KEY3 first. The setting will remain resident in the printer even when the printer is power off.

Model	KEY1	KEY2	KEY3
TTP-2410M/TTP-346M /TTP-248M/TTP246M/ TTP-344M/TTP-244/T TP-243/TTP-243E/TTP -243 Plus/ TTP-243E Plus/TTP-244ME /TTP-244ME Plus / TTP-342/TTP-342 Plus / TTP-342M/ TTP-342M Plus/M23	V	V	V
TTP-245/TTP-343/ TDP-245	V	N/A	N/A
TTP-244	V	V	N/A

Syntax

SET KEY1 ON/OFF
SET KEY2 ON/OFF
SET KEY3 ON/OFF

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
ON	Enable KEY1 as MENU function Enable KEY2 as PAUSE function Enable KEY3 as FEED function
OFF	Disable KEY1 as MENU function Disable KEY2 as PAUSE function Disable KEY3 as FEED function

Note: The setting will remain in the printer even if the printer is power off.

Example

DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,1
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8

```
SPEED 3
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET KEY1 OFF
SET KEY2 OFF
SET KEY3 OFF
KEY1=0
KEY2=0
KEY3=0
```

```
CLS
:START
```

```
IF KEY1=1 THEN
  CLS
  TEXT 100,10,"3",0,1,1,"KEY1 (MENU key) is pressed!!"
  PRINT 1,1
ELSEIF KEY2=1 THEN
  CLS
  TEXT 100,10,"3",0,1,1,"KEY2 (PAUSE key) is pressed!!"
  PRINT 1,1
ELSEIF KEY3=1 THEN
  CLS
  TEXT 100,10,"3",0,1,1,"KEY3 (FEED key) is pressed!!"
  TEXT 100,60,"3",0,1,1,"End of test"
  PRINT 1,1
  SET KEY1 ON
  SET KEY2 ON
  SET KEY3 ON
  END
ENDIF
GOTO START
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

OFFEST, PRINT

● SET LED1, SET LED2, SET LED3

Description

This setting is used to control LED on/off function.

The default function of LED1, LED2 and LED3 id as listed below:

Model	LED1	LED2	LED3	LED2 & LED3
TTP-2410M/TTP-346M/ TTP-248M/TTP246M/ TTP-344M/TTP-244/TT P-243/TTP-243E/TTP-2 43 Plus/ TTP-243E Plus/ TTP-244ME/ TTP-244ME Plus / TTP-342/ TTP-342 Plus/ TTP-342M/ TTP-342M Plus	V	V	V	N/A
TTP-245/TTP343/TDP- 245	Green	Green	Red	Orange

Note: For TTP-245/343/TDP-245 where the LED1=LED2.

<u>LED no.</u>	<u>Default Function</u>
LDE1	Power on/off
LED2	Printer on-line/off-line
LED3	Erroe/normal

Syntax

SET LED1 ON/OFF
SET LED2 ON/OFF
SET LED3 ON/OFF

Example

```

DOWNLOAD "DEMO4.BAS"
SET LED1 OFF
SET LED2 OFF
SET LED3 OFF
FOR I=1 TO 100
  LED1=0
  LED2=0
  LED3=0
  IF I-INT(I/2)*2=0 THEN
    LED1=1
  ELSEIF I-INT(I/3)*3=0 THEN

```



```
        LED2=1
    ELSE
        LED3=1
    ENDIF
NEXT
LED1=1
LED2=1
LED3=0
SET LED1 ON
SET LED2 ON
SET LED3 ON
EOP
DEMO4
```

● SET PEEL

Description

This setting is used to enable/disable the self-peeling function.

The default setting for this function is off. When this function is set on, the printer stops after each label printing, and does not print the next label until the peeled label is taken away.

This setting will be saved in printer memory when turning off the power.

Syntax

SET PEEL ON/OFF

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
ON	Enable the self-peeling function
OFF	Disable the self-peeling function

Example

```
REM ***SELF-PEELING FUNCTION ON***
SIZE 4,4
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL ON
CLS
TEXT 50,100,"3",0,1,1,"SELF-PEELING FUNCTION TEST"
PRINT 5
```

See Also

OFFEST, PRINT

● SET TEAR & SET STRIP

Description

This command is used to enable/disable feeding label to gap/black mark position for tearing off.

This setting will be saved in printer memory when turning off the power.

This command is available for TSPL2 printers only.

TSPL language printers	TTP-243, TTP-243E, TTP-243 Plus, TTP-243E Plus, TTP-244ME, TTP-244ME Plus, TTP-342, TTP-342 Plus, TTP-342M, TTP-342M Plus, TDP-643 Plus, TDP-643R Plus
TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23

Syntax

SET TEAR ON/OFF (TSPL2 language printers only)

SET STRIPPER ON/OFF (TSPL language printers only)

Parameter

ON

OFF

Description

The label gap will stop at the tear off position after print.

The label gap will NOT stop at the tear off position after print. The beginning of label will be aligned to print head.

Example

```
REM ***TEAR FUNCTION ON***
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
SET TEAR ON
CLS
TEXT 50,100,"3",0,1,1,"TEAR FUNCTION TEST"
PRINT 1
```

See Also

SET PEEL, SET CUTTER

● SET GAP

Description

This setting is used to set the gap sensor emission sensitivity. The printer initiates automatic gap sensor calibration as you hold down the PAUSE key and then turn on the printer power. But this function may cease to work if the thickness of the backing paper and that of label with backing paper are not of appreciable difference to the sensor, or when there are pre-printed marks or patterns on the label. In such case, users have to calibrate the gap sensor manually by this command. This is a trial-and-error method to attain the proper setting.

This setting will be saved in printer memory when turning off the power.

Syntax

SET GAP n/AUTO/OFF/0,/REVERSE/OBVERSE

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	The gap sensor light emission strength. Available range is listed as below. 0 is the lowest sensitivity
AUTO	The printer will feed 2 or 3 labels to calibrate the gap. If the label is continuous, the printer will feed label to limit 10~20 inches to confirm if the label is continuous.
OFF	Disable the SET GAP AUTO function.
0,	The printer will auto to calibrate the gap size.
REVERSE	This function is using when the Black Mark is the separation in front of the label and which can't be detected by Black Mark sensor. The parts of the media where can be passed through by GAP sensor are defined to be the printable area, otherwise there will be defined to the GAP of the media.
OBVERSE	Disable the "SET GAP REVERSE" function.

Printer model	Range	SET GAP REVERSE SET GAP OBVERSE SET GAP AUTO
TTP-243	0~15	X
TTP-243E	0~15	X
TTP-244ME	0~15	X
TTP-243 Plus	0~255	X
TTP-243E Plus	0~255	X
TTP-244ME Plus	0~255	X
TTP-342	0~15	X
TTP-342M	0~15	X
TTP-342 Plus	0~255	X
TDP-643 Plus	0~15	X

TDP-643R Plus	0~255	X
TTP-2410M	0~255	X
TTP-248M	0~255	X
TTP-346M	0~255	X
TTP-246M/344M series (non usb)	0~63	X
TTP-246M/344M series (usb)	0~31	X
TTP-245/343 series	0~63	V
TDP-245	0~63	V
TTP-244	0~255	X
M23	0~255	X

Note: When in “SET HEAD OFF” mode, the function “SET GAP AUTO” doesn’t work even the printer head is opened and closed, but it can work when power on the printer.

Example

The example below is operated in DOS environment via the parallel port connection to setup the label size, gap distance and sensor sensitivity.

```
C:\>COPY CON LPT1<ENTER>
      SIZE 4,2.5<ENTER>
      GAP 0.12,0<ENTER>
      SET GAP 1<ENTER>
      <CTRL><Z><ENTER>
C:\>
```

Note: <ENTER> stands for keyboard “ENTER” key. In the above example, please press “ENTER” key instead of typing <ENTER> in the above example.
<CTRL> stands for keyboard “Ctrl” key.

Press the FEED key to test. Does printer stop at the same position on each label without the error light blinking? If not, please adjust the setting to a larger number again.

When trying with this setting, please begin from 0 and then on to higher values gradually.

See Also

SIZE, GAP, BLINE

● SET HEAD

Description

This setting is used to enable/disable head open sensor. If head open sensor is closed then when printer head is opened there isn't any message returned. This setting will be saved in printer memory.

This command is only available for BPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-----------------------------------	--

Syntax

SET HEAD ON /OFF

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
ON	Turn on the "HEAD OPEN" sensor
OFF	Turn off the "HEAD OPEN" sensor

Example

SET HEAD ON

SET HEAD OFF

● SET RIBBON

Description

This setting is used to enable/disable ribbon sensor detection. (Thermal Transfer Printing/Thermal Direct Printing)

Printer will detect if there is ribbon or without ribbon installed in ribbon mechanism at the instance of turning on printer power to determine direct thermal or thermal transfer printing.

This setting will not be saved in printer memory.

Syntax

SET RIBBON ON /OFF

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
ON	Thermal transfer printing
OFF	Thermal direct printing

Example

```
REM ***Direct printing***
SIZE 4,4
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
SET RIBBON OFF
CLS
BARCODE 100,100,"39",48,1,0,2,5,"CODE 39"
PRINT 1
```

● SET COM1

Description

This setting defines communication parameters for printer serial port.

Syntax

SET COM1 baud, parity, data, stop

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
baud	Baud rate, available baud rates are as listed : 24: 2400 bps 48: 4800 bps 96: 9600 bps 19: 19200 bps
parity	Parity check N: None parity check E: Even parity check O: Odd parity check
data	Data bit 8: 8 bits data 7: 7 bits data
stop	Stop bit 1: 1 stop bit 2: 2 stop bits

Example

The parallel port is used to setup the printer serial port in this example by MS-DOS mode.

```
C:\>COPY CON LPT1<ENTER>
SET COM1 19,N,8,1<ENTER>
<CTRL><Z><ENTER>
C:\>
```

Note: <ENTER> stands for PC keyboard “ENTER” key.
<CTRL><Z> means to hold PC keyboard “CTRL” key then press the PC keyboard <Z> key.

● SET PRINTKEY

Description

This command will print one label and feed label gap to tear bar position for tearing away. Press FEED button to print the next label or batch of labels. If label content includes serial text or barcode, it will change the serial number accordingly. This setting will be saved in printer memory.

This command is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-------------------------------	---

Syntax

SET PRINTEKY OFF/ON/AUTO/<num>

Parameter

OFF

ON

AUTO

<num>

Description

Disable this function

Enable this function

Enable this function

Numbers of labels will be printed if FEED button is pressed.

Example

Execute:

SIZE 4,2.5

GAP 0.12,0

SET PRINTKEY ON

SET COUNTER @0 1

@0="0001"

CLS

TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,@0

PRINT 1

Execute:

Syntax	Receive "PRINT m"	Print Out
SET PRINTKEY ON or SET PRINTKEY AUTO	1.) PRINT 2	Label 1~2
	2.) Press FEED key	Label 3~4

Syntax	Receive "PRINT m,n"	Print Out
SET PRINTKEY ON or SET PRINTKEY AUTO	1.) PRINT 1,2	Label 1, Label 1
	2.) Press FEED key	Label 2, Label 2

Syntax	Receive "PRINT -1,n"	Print Out
SET PRINTKEY ON or SET PRINTKEY AUTO	1.) PRINT -1,2	Label 1, Label 1
	2.) Press FEED key	Label 1, Label 1

Syntax	Receive "PRINT m"	Print Out
SET PRINTKEY 5	1.) PRINT 2	Label 1~2
	2.) Press FEED key	Label 3~7
Syntax	Receive "PRINT m,n"	Print Out
SET PRINTKEY 5	1.) PRINT 1,2	Label 1, Label 1
	2.) Press FEED key	Label 2~6

Syntax	Receive "PRINT -1,n"	Print Out
SET PRINTKEY 5	1.) PRINT -1,2	Label 1, Label 1
	2.) Press FEED key	Label 1, Label 1

● SET REPRINT

Description

This command will disable/enable reprint the label when the “no paper” or “no ribbon” or “carriage open” error is occurred.

This command is only for TSPL2 printers

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-------------------------------	---

Syntax

SET REPRINT OFF/ON

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
OFF	Disable this function
ON	Enable this function

Example

SET REPRINT ON

● PEEL

Description

This command is used to obtain status of the peel-off sensor. Its attribute is read only.

Syntax

PEEL

<u>Return Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
0	Paper is not on top of peel sensor
1	Paper is on top of peel sensor

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
```

```
SIZE 4,1
```

```
GAP 0,0
```

```
SPEED 4
```

```
DENSITY 8
```

```
SET PEEL OFF
```

```
SET KEY1 OFF
```

```
SET LED1 OFF
```

```
SET LED3 OFF
```

```
:START
```

```
LED1=0
```

```
LED3=0
```

```
IF KEY1=1 THEN GOTO A
```

```
GOTO START
```

```
:A
```

```
LED1=1
```

```
CLS
```

```
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,"PEEL Function Test!!"
```

```
PRINT 1,1
```

```
:B
```

```
LED1=0
```

```
IF PEEL=1 THEN
```

```
LED3=1
```

```
GOTO B
```

```
ELSE
```

```
CLS
```

```
TEXT 10,10,"3",0,1,1,"The label is removed from the PEEL sensor!!"
```

```
PRINT 1,1
```

```
GOTO START
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
EOP
```

```
DEMO
```

● LED1, LED2, LED3

Description

This command is used to control LED on/off. Its attribute is write only. Specify 1 to light on LED and 0 to turn off LED. Before using this command, be sure to cancel the default LED functions. Please refer to the SET LED command.

Model	LED1	LED2	LED3	LED2 & LED3
TTP-2410M/TTP-346M/ TTP-248M/TTP246M/ TTP-344M/TTP-244/TT P-243/TTP-243E/TTP-2 43 Plus/ TTP-243E Plus/ TTP-244ME/ TTP-244ME Plus / TTP-342/ TTP-342 Plus/ TTP-342M/ TTP-342M Plus	V	V	V	N/A
TTP245/343/TDP245	Green	Green	Red	Orange

Note: For TTP-245/343/TDP-245 where the LED1=LED2.

Syntax

LEDm=n

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
m	m=1, LED1 m=2, LED2 m=3, LED3
n	0: turn off LED 1: light on LED

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"  
SIZE 3,3  
GAP 0.12,0  
SPEED 4  
DENSITY 8  
DIRECTION 1  
REFERENCE 0,0  
SET CUTTER OFF  
SET PEEL OFF  
SET LED1 OFF
```

SET LED2 OFF
SET LED3 OFF
LED1=0
LED2=1
LED3=0
EOP

● KEY1, KEY2, KEY3

Description

This command is used to read the status of KEY1 ,KEY2 and KEY3.

Model	KEY1	KEY2	KEY3
TTP-2410M/TTP-346M/TTP-248M/TTP246M/ TTP-344M/TTP-244/TTP-243/TTP-243E/TTP-243 Plus/ TTP-243E Plus/ TTP-244ME/TTP-244ME Plus / TTP-342/ TTP-342 Plus/ TTP-342M/TTP-342M Plus/ M23	V	V	V
TTP-245/343/TDP-245	V	X	X
TTP-244	V	V	X

Syntax

KEYm=n

<u>Key</u>	<u>Return Value</u>
KEY1 (MENU)	0: released 1: pressed
KEY2 (PAUDE)	0: released 1: pressed
KEY3 (FEED)	0: released 1: pressed

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,1
GAP 0,0
SPEED 4
DENSITY 8
DIRECTION 1
REFERENCE 0,0
SET LED1 OFF
SET KEY1 OFF
LED1=0
:START
IF KEY1=1 THEN
  LED1=1
  CLS
  TEXT 100,10,"3",0,1,1,"KEY FUNCTION TEST"
  PRINT 1,1
ELSE
  LED1=0
ENDIF
GOTO START
EOP
```

DEMO

Printer Global Variables

- @LABEL

Description

This variable is used to count how many pieces of labels have been printed. It can't be initialized if the printer is reset. It will be memorized if the printer power is turned off.

Syntax

Write attribute: @LABEL=n or @LABEL="n"
Read attribute: A=LABEL or A\$=STR\$(LABEL)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>
n	Number of labels printed. 0<=n<=999999999

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 4,2.5
GAP 2 mm,0
SPEED 6
DENSITY 12
CLS
TEXT 10,50,"3",0,1,1,@LABEL
TEXT 10,100,"3",0,1,1,"@LABEL="+STR$(LABEL)
TEXT 10,150,"3",0,1,1,"*****Statement 1*****"
  IF LABEL>1000 THEN
    TEXT 10,200,"3",0,1,1,"LABEL>1000"
  ELSE
    TEXT 10,200,"3",0,1,1,"LABEL<1000"
  ENDIF
TEXT 10,250,"3",0,1,1,"*****Statement 1*****"
  A=LABEL
  IF A>1000 THEN
    TEXT 10,300,"3",0,1,1,"A>1000"
  ELSE
    TEXT 10,300,"3",0,1,1,"A<1000"
  ENDIF
TEXT 10,350,"3",0,1,1,"*****Statement 3*****"
  A$=STR$(LABEL)
  IF VAL(A$)>1000 THEN
    TEXT 10,400,"3",0,1,1,"VAL(A$)>1000"
  ELSE
    TEXT 10,400,"3",0,1,1,"VAL(A$)<1000"
  ENDIF
PRINT 1,1
EOP
```

● YEAR

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the year data. Four-digit year format is supported by RTC.

Syntax

Write attribute: YEAR=02

Read attribute: A=YEAR

Range: 00~50=2000~2050 ; 51~99=1951~1999

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "SetYear.BAS"
REM *****Set Year Parameter to RTC*****
YEAR=05
EOP
SetYear

DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS

REM *****Read YEAR parameter form RTC*****
YEAR$=STR$(YEAR)
Y=YEAR

REM *****Print*****
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"YEAR1="+YEAR$
TEXT 10,110,"5",0,1,1,"YEAR2="+STR$(Y)
TEXT 10,210,"5",0,1,1,"YEAR3="+STR$(YEAR)
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

~!C, MONTH, DATE, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND

● MONTH

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the month data. Two-digits (01~12) month format is supported by RTC.

Syntax

Write attribute: MONTH=01

Read attribute: A=MONTH

Range: 01~12

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "SetMonth.BAS"
REM *****Set Month Parameter to RTC*****
MONTH=05
EOP
SetMonth

DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS

REM *****Read Month parameter form RTC*****
MONTH$=STR$(MONTH)
M=MONTH

REM *****Print*****
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"MONTH1="+MONTH$
TEXT 10,110,"5",0,1,1,"MONTH2="+STR$(M)
TEXT 10,210,"5",0,1,1,"MONTH3="+STR$(MONTH)
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

~!C, MONTH, DATE, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND

● DATE

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the date data. Two-digits (01~31) date format is supported by RTC.

Syntax

Write attribute: DATE=12

Read attribute: A=DATE

Range: 01~31

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "SetDate.BAS"
REM *****Set Date Parameter to RTC*****
DATE=30
EOP
SetDate

DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS

REM *****Read Date parameter form RTC*****
DATE$=STR$(DATE)
D=DATE

REM *****Print*****
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"DATE1="+DATE$
TEXT 10,110,"5",0,1,1,"DATE2="+STR$(D)
TEXT 10,210,"5",0,1,1,"DATE3="+STR$(DATE)
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

~!C, MONTH, DATE, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND

● WEEK

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the week data, which is represented by one single digit (1~7).. .

Syntax

Write attribute: WEEK=3

Read attribute: A=WEEK

Range: 1(Sunday)~7(Saturday)

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "SetWeek.BAS"
REM *****Set Week Parameter to RTC*****
WEEK=6
EOP
SetWeek

DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS

REM *****Read Week parameter form RTC*****
WEEK$=STR$(WEEK)
W=WEEK

REM *****Print*****
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"WEEK1="+WEEK$
TEXT 10,110,"5",0,1,1,"WEEK2="+STR$(W)
TEXT 10,210,"5",0,1,1,"WEEK3="+STR$(WEEK)
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

~!C, MONTH, DATE, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND

● HOUR

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the hour data. The 24-hour-day system (00~23) is supported by RTC.

Syntax

Write attribute: HOUR=12

Read attribute: A=HOUR

Range: 00~23

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "SetHour.BAS"
REM *****Set Hour Parameter to RTC*****
HOUR=11
EOP
SetHour

DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS

REM *****Read Hour parameter form RTC*****
HOUR$=STR$(HOUR)
H=HOUR

REM *****Print*****
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"HOUR1="+HOUR$
TEXT 10,110,"5",0,1,1,"HOUR2="+STR$(H)
TEXT 10,210,"5",0,1,1,"HOUR3="+STR$(HOUR)
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

~!C, MONTH, DATE, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND

● MINUTE

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the minute data. Two-digits (00~59) minute format is supported by RTC.

Syntax

Write attribute: MINUTE=12

Read attribute: A=MINUTE

Range: 00~59

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "SetMinute.BAS"
REM *****Set Minute Parameter to RTC*****
MINUTE=59
EOP
SetMinute

DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS

REM *****Read Minute parameter form RTC*****
MINUTE$=STR$(MINUTE)
MIN=MINUTE

REM *****Print*****
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"MINUTE1="+MINUTE$
TEXT 10,110,"5",0,1,1,"MINUTE2="+STR$(MIN)
TEXT 10,210,"5",0,1,1,"MINUTE3="+STR$(MINUTE)
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

~!C, MONTH, DATE, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND

● SECOND

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the second data. Two-digits (00~59) second format is supported by RTC.

Syntax

Write attribute: SECOND=12

Read attribute: A=SECOND

Range: 00~59

Example

```
DOWNLOAD "SetSecond.BAS"
REM *****Set Second Parameter to RTC*****
SECOND=59
EOP
SetSecond

DOWNLOAD "DEMO.BAS"
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 4
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS

REM *****Read Second parameter form RTC*****
SECOND$=STR$(SECOND)
SEC=SECOND

REM *****Print*****
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"SECOND1="+SECOND$
TEXT 10,110,"5",0,1,1,"SECOND2="+STR$(SEC)
TEXT 10,210,"5",0,1,1,"SECOND3="+STR$(SECOND)
PRINT 1
EOP
DEMO
```

See Also

~!C, MONTH, DATE, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND

● @YEAR

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the year data. Two-digit year format is supported by RTC.

@YEAR global variable can be accessed directly without using BASIC language functions.

This command is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-------------------------------	---

Syntax

Write attribute: @YEAR="01"

Read attribute: @YEAR

Range: 00~99

Example

```
REM *****Set @YEAR*****
@YEAR="05"

REM *****Print*****
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"@YEAR"
TEXT 310,10,"5",0,1,1,@YEAR
PRINT 1
```

See Also

~!C, @MONTH, @DATE, @DAY, @HOUR, @MINUTE, @SECOND

● @MONTH

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the month data. Two-digits (01~12) month format is supported by RTC.

@MONTH global variable can be accessed directly without using BASIC language functions.

This command is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-----------------------------------	--

Syntax

Write attribute: @MONTH="01"

Read attribute: @MONTH

Range: 01~12

Example

```
REM *****Set @MONTH*****
@MONTH="12"

REM *****Print*****
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"@MONTH"
TEXT 310,10,"5",0,1,1,@MONTH
PRINT 1
```

See Also

~!C, @YEAR, @DATE, @DAY, @HOUR, @MINUTE, @SECOND

● @DATE

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the date data. Two-digits (01~31) date format is supported by RTC.

@DATE global variable can be accessed directly without using BASIC language functions.

This command is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-----------------------------------	--

Syntax

Write attribute: @DATE="12"

Read attribute: @DATE

Range: 01~31

Example

```
REM *****Set @DATE*****  
@DATE="31"
```

```
REM *****Print*****  
SIZE 3,3  
GAP 0.08,0  
DENSITY 8  
SPEED 6  
DIRECTION 0  
REFERENCE 0,0  
SET CUTTER OFF  
SET PEEL OFF  
CLS  
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"@DATE"  
TEXT 310,10,"5",0,1,1,@DATE  
PRINT 1
```

See Also

~!C, @YEAR, @MONTH, @DAY, @HOUR, @MINUTE, @SECOND

● @DAY

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the week data, which is represented by one single digit (1~7).. .

@DAY global variable can be accessed directly without using BASIC language functions.

This command is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-----------------------------------	--

Syntax

Write attribute: @DAY="3"

Read attribute: @DAY

Range: 1(Sunday)~7(Saturday)

Example

```
REM *****Set @DAY*****
@DAY="5"

REM *****Print*****
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"@DAY"
TEXT 310,10,"5",0,1,1,@DAY
PRINT 1
```

See Also

~!C, @YEAR, @MONTH, @DATE, @HOUR, @MINUTE, @SECOND

● @HOUR

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the hour data. The 24-hour-day system (00~23) is supported by RTC.

@HOUR global variable can be accessed directly without using BASIC language functions.

This command is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-----------------------------------	--

Syntax

Write attribute: @HOUR ="12"

Read attribute: @HOUR

Range: 00~23

Example

```
REM *****Set @HOUR*****
@HOUR="23"

REM *****Print*****
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"@HOUR"
TEXT 310,10,"5",0,1,1,@HOUR
PRINT 1
```

See Also

~!C, @YEAR, @MONTH, @DATE, @DAY, @MINUTE, @SECOND

● @MINUTE

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the minute data. Two-digits (00~59) minute format is supported by RTC.

@MINUTE global variable can be accessed directly without using BASIC language functions.

This command is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-----------------------------------	--

Syntax

Write attribute: @MINUTE ="12"

Read attribute: @MINUTE

Range: 00~59

Example

```
REM *****Set @MINUTE*****
@MINUTE="59"

REM *****Print*****
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0.08,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"@MINUTE"
TEXT 310,10,"5",0,1,1,@MINUTE
PRINT 1
```

See Also

~!C, @YEAR, @MONTH, @DATE, @DAY, @HOUR, @SECOND

● @SECOND

Description

This variable is used to read from/write to RTC the second data. Two-digits (00~59) second format is supported by RTC.

@SECOND global variable can be accessed directly without using BASIC language functions.

This command is only available for TSPL2 printers.

TSPL2 language printer	TTP-2410M, TTP-346M, TTP-248M, TTP-246G, TTP-344M, TTP-245, TTP-245G, TDP-245G, TTP-343, TTP-244, M23
-----------------------------------	--

Syntax

Write attribute: @SECOND="12"

Read attribute: @SECOND

Range: 00~59

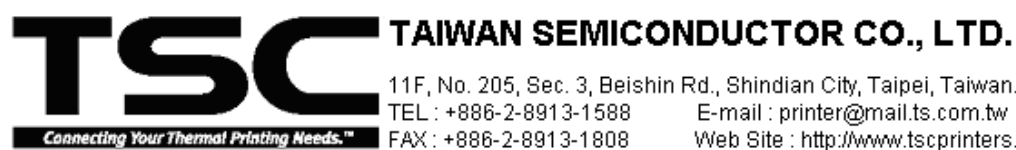
Example

```
REM *****Set @SECOND*****
@SECOND="59"

REM *****Print*****
SIZE 3,3
GAP 0,0
DENSITY 8
SPEED 6
DIRECTION 0
REFERENCE 0,0
SET CUTTER OFF
SET PEEL OFF
CLS
TEXT 10,10,"5",0,1,1,"@SECOND"
TEXT 310,10,"5",0,1,1,@SECOND
PRINT 1
```

See Also

~!C, @YEAR, @MONTH, @DATE, @DAY, @HOUR, @MINUTE



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